

Digital Citizenship Model Course

Digital Citizenship Model Course





Strategic partnership to develop open educational resources for teaching digital citizenship

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DIGCIT

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	 This model course for the development of Digital Citizenship skills is a guideline designed to assist trainers and educators to introduce and organise training courses and non-formal educational activities for youngsters. It comprises 10 lesson plans supported by: course aim, competencies and area of knowledge, teaching syllabus, practical exercises, evaluation method, as well as the recognition system. 		
Abstract	By following this guideline and the recommended methods for teaching and assessment, trainers can enhance the existing training materials, to further deliver effective training to youth in the 10 digital domains essential for today's digital world.		
	 Access and Inclusion Learning and Creativity Media and Information Literacy Ethics and Empathy Health and Wellbeing e-Presence and Communications Active Participation Rights and Responsibilities Privacy and Security Consumer Awareness 		









	The model shall not be seen as exhaustive, and the course designer is invited to adapt the time and educational materials in accordance with the trainees' level of understanding.
	The educational materials for the proposed lesson plans supported by course curricula, quizzes, case studies and exercises are available online via the e-learning platform: https://courses.trainingclub.eu/.
Keywords	Model course, Digital citizenship, Course plan, Online teaching methods, instructional design, Moodle, methodology, teaching methods, training, education, digital education, technology, digitalization, youth work, digital word, access and inclusion, learning and creativity, media and information literacy, ethics and empathy, health and wellbeing, e-presence and communication, active participation, rights and responsibilities, privacy and security, consumer awareness

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Introduction

The purpose of the Digital citizenship model course is to assist trainers and educators to introduce and organize new training courses and enhance the existing training materials, to further deliver effective training to youth.

This model course is a guide comprising the recommended methods for teaching, assessment and expected time required for young people to develop their digital citizenship skills.

In order to use the model course, the trainer should review and adapt the course plan and detailed syllabus.

Adjustment of course objectives, scope and content may be necessary for the youth completing the course to develop appropriate digital citizenship skills.

Within the course plan, the course designers have indicated the time for completing each area of learning. However, the time can be adapted in accordance with the trainees' level of understanding.

Having adjusted the educational materials in such a manner to suit the trainees' level of understanding, the trainer should draw the lesson plans based on the detailed syllabus.

Within the international Erasmus Strategic Partnership, the research team proposes lessons plan and assessment tools for developing the digital citizenship skills of the young generation, in the 10 digital domains essential for today's digital world.

- Access and Inclusion
- Learning and Creativity
- Media and Information Literacy
- Ethics and Empathy
- Health and Wellbeing
- e-Presence and Communications
- Active Participation
- Rights and Responsibilities
- Privacy and Security
- Consumer Awareness.

The proposed lesson plans supported by the course curriculum, quizzes, case studies and exercises are available online via the e-learning platform: <u>https://courses.trainingclub.eu/</u>. Some of the activities are appropriate for reading and self-reflection, while others are designed to be facilitated in classrooms by trainers, requesting the active involvement of participants.









Course Plan Design

A typical course plan comprises a course outline with a list of competencies and areas of knowledge, a detailed teaching syllabus to achieve the training outcomes in accordance with Bloom's taxonomy, practical exercises and evaluation method, as well as the recognition system.

With the intention to offer prospective trainers adaptable teaching materials, the following paragraphs laid down some guidelines for developing attractive and engaging lessons.

A. Course overview

Course description: [This section describes the course aim and gives a short presentation of theoretical and practical concepts related to the subject. It includes a summary of what the course is meant to develop. In order to emphasize the relevance for the actual world, this section describes the main factors of motivation for deciding to run activities with youth.]

Course structure: [A detailed presentation of the structure with modules, exercises and case studies is designed to enable prospective trainers to adapt the course to the youth's level of understanding.]

Essential questions: [These are formulated to inspire teachers to start with the end in mind. The results are essential for both categories trainers and trainees]

Key questions	Results
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do 4 days, weeks, or months from now?	 In 4 days Weeks Months
How will this have enduring value for trainees beyond the classroom?	 Real-life situations Daily tasks Regular activities
What should trainees understand about the topic?	ImportanceNecessity
What key knowledge and skills will trainees acquire at the end of the lesson?	Key knowledgeSkills

B. Statement of training methodology

Training methodology: [This is an overview of the integration of instructional design methods, principles and processes; it can refer to the 5E of instruction, the ADDIE instructional model, as well as from the book the first principles of instruction of (Merril, D. 2002). This section explains the chosen teaching methods to be used throughout the course. For designing this section, the researches can take inspiration from the. MOOC Canvas and Instructional Design manual.]

C. Course aims and objectives





Aim: [The aim of the training is actually the learning goal, which is long-term and broad. It lay out the general goal for the training or course, and it may not be measurable.]

Learning objectives: [There are several ways to formulate course objectives. By formulating objectives, you can make clear what you want learners to achieve during the course. You can formulate task objectives, course objectives and final qualifications. Learning objectives are statements that describe what information, skills, and behaviours learners should be able to demonstrate after receiving training. You can start with: "By the end of the course, trainees should be able to" and continue always with actionable verbs (Bloom, B.S., 1956)].

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects.	Instructional
		Bloom's verbs	approach
Module 1	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS [Detail the syllabus, chapters, subchapters and topics in such a manner to obtain the envisaged educational effects]	COGNITIVE AREA [Detail the educational effects as per Bloom's taxonomy. Refer to objectives and competencies. Explain how the trainees will experience them. Please consider Merrill's principles.]	TEACHING METHOD [Explain the teaching methods that you chose in order to obtain the educational effects. Refer to 5E and Merrill's principles from the perspective of the trainer. Explain what the actions of the teacher will be to obtain the results.]
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES [To ensure you are improving knowledge transfer, you need to help trainees to practice new skills] DAILY EVALUATION [To be able to support trainees and to improve the	PRACTICAL AREA [Detail the educational objectives.] TASKS FOR TRAINEES [Trainees tasks here]	TEACHING METHODS [Explain the teaching methods that you chose to facilitate the practice.] TEACHING METHODS [Teaching methods here]
	course, it is recommended to monitor and evaluate the progress.]		

D. Course plan

E. Explanation of the assessment system

[While most prefer multiple-choice questions, for those who want to test and improve understanding, analytical skills and the ability to synthesize and create new things, the MCQ assessment could be problematic. You can choose observation, peer feedback, projects or essays.]

F. References:

[This section emphasizes the studies, books and educational links necessary to implement the program.]





Access and Inclusion

A. COURSE OVERVIEW

Course description

The course "Access and inclusion" deals with the competences necessary for overcoming different forms of the digital divide and opening digital spaces to minorities and different opinions. Online environments are ideal spaces for expanding multiculturalism and democratic values. When abused, this can result in the opposite effects. This course intends to teach participants how to guide themselves and others into more open attitudes and inclusive behaviours to embrace the diversity inherent in the online community and resolve conflicts by expressing themselves in more productive ways while guarding against unproductive divisive attitudes.

Course structure

The course is structured into five modules

- Module 1: Introduction to the concept of Access and Inclusion
- Module 2: Are we all Prejudiced?
- Module 3: Democracy and the Digital
- Module 4: Trolls and other creatures of the net
- Module 5: Become an Access & Inclusion champion

Essential questions

Trainees will remember the many digital concepts and terms associated with access and inclusion in the short term, how prejudice works and why it is a barrier to access and inclusion in the medium term and why access and inclusion are important to democracy in the long run.

Students can address real-life situations by being better able to recognize unacceptable behaviours that discriminate against themselves or other users while being afforded the knowhow to address this and become more effective while performing related daily tasks more efficiently by learning how to steer clear from time-consuming users

Students will learn that access and inclusion in the digital world are fundamental for today's Realworld. They will become champions of access and inclusion while making them better-informed citizens.

Using the knowledge obtained from this course, trainees will learn how to better contextualize online content assigning it the gravity it deserves and promote access and inclusion as a universal right

Key questions	Results
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do 4 days, weeks, or months from now?	Digital concepts and terms associated with access and inclusion in the short term, how prejudice works and why it is a barrier to access and inclusion in the medium term and why access and inclusion are important to democracy in the long run
How will this have enduring value for trainees beyond the classroom?	Students can address real-life situations by being better able to recognize unacceptable behaviours that discriminate against themselves or other users while being afforded the knowhow to address this and become more effective while performing







	related daily tasks more efficiently by learning how to steer clear from time-consuming users.
What should trainees understand about the topic?	Students will learn that access and inclusion in the digital world are fundamental in today's digital world, to become better- informed citizens.
What key knowledge and skills will trainees acquire at the end of the lesson?	Using the knowledge obtained from this course, trainees will learn how to better contextualize online content assigning it the gravity it deserves and promote access and inclusion as a universal right

B. STATEMENT OF TRAINING METHODOLOGY

Training methodology

Learner-centred pedagogy.

- Students use prior knowledge and new experiences to develop new skills (constructivism)
- Teachers create the educational context and facilitate the learning process, guiding students as they learn new concepts
- Reflective approach. Teacher is observer
- Integrative approach. Real-world application

The lesson mixes a general theoretical background with Real-worlds case studies. Infographics are used and videos while an overall assessment takes place on the overall delivery of each module accompanied by a short quiz to be completed online by learners. All participants will have access to educational materials, tools and resources. All learners will gain a badge after the successful completion of the activities for the course and be eligible for the second module. Completion of all modules will earn them the necessary stars to acquire a certificate on the lesson. Trainees gain badges and are granted access to the next module.

Course introduction

The course starts with a video presentation to introduce the course, by the trainer. Alternatively, a short quiz will be introduced to activate the trainees' interest and to help them assess and think about their own practices related to their health and wellbeing when using digital means and technologies.

Teaching medium

- Outlines and infographics to organize hierarchical structures and illustrate relationships among various components of the educational material
- Inquire learning (direct by questions), case study (real situations for the students to explore concepts in an authentic context), game based (as students make certain progress, they can earn badges).
- Practical exercises and case studies: quiz (self-assessment), forum (opinion), feedback (respond in forum section).
- The course documentation is written in EN/RO/DE/GR.

C. COURSE OBJECTIVES

Upon successful completion of this course, the participants are expected to be able to:

Recognize the importance of access and inclusion







- Identify discriminatory behaviours
- Understand how interlinked access and inclusion is with democracy
- Identify personal prejudice and bias
- Employ methods to combat own prejudice and bias
- Understand the differences between real and fake stories
- Recognize the relation between digital democracy and physical democracy
- Encourage and promote positive online behaviours and inclusiveness

Competencies developed through the course:

- Capacity to understand the importance of access and inclusion
- Ability to champion access and inclusion
- Ability to protect oneself and others from discriminatory behaviours
- Ability to use major online applications safely
- Ability to interact with social media in an inclusive and democratic manner
- An attitude that promotes positive online behaviours and interactions with respect to digital democracy

The course is made of five modules. The first two begin by introducing learners to the concepts and gradually build up by demonstrating the usefulness of the skills to be learned, the next two involve the connection of these skills with Democracy and how to recognize patterns of behaviour while the fifth module binds them all together transforming participant into champions of Access and Inclusion. All the course is drafted in the same light to effect consistency and involve a small case study that is gradually applied in a forum conversation to a greater extend.

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects.	Instructional
		Bloom's verbs	approach
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHOD
1	Module 1: Introducing the		
	concepts of Access and	BLOOMS TAXONOMY	Real-world examples
	Inclusion		are mixed with
	Introduction with key terms	Remember	personal experiences
	Topic 1	An introductory part	and fictional examples
	What is Access?	presenting what is to be	to complement a
	Topic 2	learned and key concepts	lively forum
	What is Inclusion?	Followed by a summary part	discussion and guided
	Topic 3	at the end of the course	form of learner
	Why is Access and Inclusion	revising key take always	centred approach
	Important	including basic e presence	
		concept and evolution	Existing knowledge
			and skill are activated
		Understand	as a foundation for
		The delivery of the course will	new knowledge and
		include Real-world examples.	skill by inviting
		The trainer will actively	learners to write down
		engage in forum discussions	personal examples
		and take questions while	offering and inviting
		making clarifications between	different views for

D. COURSE PLAN









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situations and concepts such what is access hindrance and access constrains Apply Trainees will be invited to adapt and demonstrate their new knowledge to their personal situation such as with the use of their favourite social media Analyse Trainees will be invited to compare, contrast and differentiate between the	themselves while trainer gives own personal example on access and inclusion, they experienced for both situations they were denied and granted New knowledge is demonstrated to the learner through relatable Real-world and fictional examples provided explain how
real-world examples provided and their personal situation	access and inclusion can have very real effects
Evaluate Trainees will be asked to support and defend a course of action and responses given to imaginary scenarios on the forum.	New knowledge is applied by the learner by inviting learners to examine the examples they provided having written them down
Create Trainees will show how their understanding and behaviour has Improved and how does the new learning relate to	and how they would have reacted differently using their new knowledge
their future actions. They will note the key differences between access and inclusion and how the two relate	New knowledge is integrated into the learner's world by allowing learners to demonstrate how and
SKILLS	if there was a change of attitude in the
New knowledge is demonstrated to the learner through the fictional and real examples provided.	approach, they take on their self- evaluation form
New knowledge is applied by the learner through the showcasing of writing down how they plan to react to new situation comparing how they reacted to the past.	











			1
		New knowledge is integrated	
		into the learner's world	
		through the explaining by the	
		learners of the key takeaways	
		they value more and belief	
		will affect their reaction in	
		the future on the self-	
		assessment.	
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	TEACHING METHODS
		Provides analysis using new	Forum, discussion,
	Real-world Example analysis	knowledge of real-world	reflection, solo
	Personal Example Analysis	examples	exercise, feedback
	Fictional Example Analysis	Recollects and	from trainer, Real-
		communicates Personal	world examples,
		examples within this context	fictional example,
		Responds to fictional	personal examples,
		examples with the evaluation	what if analysis, open
		of the previous two preparing	on-line dialogue
		learner for future situations	
		EDUCATIONAL AREA	
		Actively participates in	
		exercises, supports position	
		and maintains a more	
		objective outlook	
		Presents results in a coherent	
		and systematic way	
		Is open to criticism and	
		discussion	
		Feels free to ask questions	
		and adheres to trainer's	
		guidance	
		Baladice	
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Self-evaluation form	Completes self-evaluation	Self-Evaluation,
	Mini Quiz	Complete mini-Quiz at home	reflection, non-grated
			summary quiz
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	Real-world examples
2			are mixed with
	Module 2: Are we all	BLOOMS TAXONOMY	personal experiences
	Prejudiced?		and fictional examples
	Introduction with key terms	Remember	to create a lively
	Topic 1:	An introductory part	discussion and guided
	How our mind works	presenting what is to be	form of learner
	Topic 2:	learned and key concepts	centred approach
	How to combat Prejudice	Followed by a summary part	
		at the end of the course	Existing knowledge
		revising key take always	and skill are activated
		Understand	as a foundation for











	new knowledge and
The delivery of the course will	skill by inviting
include Real-world examples.	learners to recollect
The trainer will participate in	on personal examples
forum discussions and take	offering and inviting
questions while making	conflicting views and
clarifications between	attempting to merge
situations and concepts such	them together while
as prejudice and	trainer gives own
discrimination	personal example on
	prejudicial instances
Apply	
Trainees will be asked to	New knowledge is
adapt and demonstrate their	demonstrated to the
new knowledge to their	learner
personal situation through	through relatable
self-evaluation and writing	Real-world and
down of personal relatable	fictional examples
examples	provided explaining
examples	how prejudice can
Analyse	
•	have very real effects
Trainees will be invited to	Name las analas das la
compare, contrast and	New knowledge is
differentiate between the	applied by the learner
real-world examples provided	by inviting learners to
and their personal situations	examine the example
as well as that of their peers	provided and they
through on-line forum	would have reacted
discussions.	differently using their
	new knowledge
Create	
Trainees will show how their	New knowledge is
understanding and behaviour	integrated into the
has Improved and how does	learner's world by
the new learning relate to	allowing learners to
their future actions.	demonstrate how and
	if there was a change
SKILLS	of attitude in their
Learners are engaged in	approach, they take on
solving real-world problems	online behaviour
through the real-world	
examples provided above	
contrasting different opinions	
on the impact of these	
examples and showcasing	
how it could or if it could be	
improved.	
New knowledge is	
demonstrated to the learner	











	through the fictional	[]
	examples provided above	
	contrasting different opinions	
	on the impact of these	
	examples and showcasing	
	how it could or if it could be	
	improved.	
	New knowledge is applied by	
	the learner through the	
	showcasing of how they plan	
	to react to new situation	
	comparing how they reacted	
	to the past.	
	New knowledge is integrated	
	into the learner's world	
	through the explaining by the	
	learners of the key takeaways	
	they value more and belief will	
	affect their reaction in the	
	future through the self-	
	evaluation.	
PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	TEACHING METHODS
	Provides analysis using new	Guided online
Real-world Example analysis	knowledge of real-world	discussion, reflection,
Personal Example Analysis	examples	solo exercise, feedback
Fictional Example Analysis	Recollects and	from peers, feedback
	communicates Personal	from trainer, Real- world examples,
	examples within this context Responds to fictional	world examples, fictional example,
	examples with the evaluation	personal examples,
	of the previous two preparing	open dialogue
	learner for future situations	open dialogue
	EDUCATIONAL AREA	
	Actively participates in	
	exercises, supports position	
	and maintains a more	
	objective outlook	
	Presents results in a coherent	
	and systematic way	
	Is open to criticism and	
	discussion	
	Feels free to ask questions	
	and adheres to trainer's guidance	
DAILY EVALUATION	Tasks for Trainees	TEACHING METHOD
Self-evaluation form	Completes self-evaluation	
Mini Quiz	Complete mini-Quiz at home	
 1	· ·	ı









	quiz		Self-Evaluation,
	9012		reflection, non-grated
			summary
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHOD
3	Module 3: Democracy and	BLOOMS TAXONOMY	Real-world examples
5	the Digital	Remember	are mixed with
	Introduction with key terms	An introductory part	personal experiences
	Topic 1	presenting what is to be	and fictional examples
	How democracy works	learned and key concepts	to create a lively
	Topic 2:	Followed by a summary part	discussion and guided
	How the digital makes	at the end of the course	form of learner
	democracy better	revising key take away. A	centred approach
	,	small summary of the	
		previous two modules will be	Existing knowledge
		given	and skill are activated
		0	as a foundation for
		Understand	new knowledge and
		The delivery of the course will	skill by inviting
		include Real-world examples.	learners to write down
		The trainer will take on-line	personal examples
		questions while making	offering and inviting
		clarifications between	conflicting views
		situations and concepts. The	
		course will also explain how	New knowledge is
		democracy works in the	demonstrated to the
		online world	learner
			through relatable
		Apply	Real-world and
		Trainees will be asked to	fictional examples
		adapt and demonstrate their	provided explaining
		new knowledge to their	how online democracy
		personal situation.	can have very real
			effects on e-presence
		Analyse	and the physical world
		Trainees will be asked to	
		compare, contrast and	New knowledge is
		differentiate between the	applied by the learner
		real-world examples provided	by inviting learners to
		and their personal situation	examine the examples
		as well as that of their peers	provided and how
		through the online forum.	they would have
			reacted differently
		Create	
		Trainees will show how their	New knowledge is
		understanding and behaviour	integrated into the
		has Improved and how does	learner's world by
		the new learning relate to	allowing learners to
		their future actions through a	demonstrate how and
		self-assessment.	if there was a change
		SKILLS	of attitude in the
		SKILLS	approach, they take on









	Learners are engaged in	matters of inclusion
	solving real-world problems	and online democracy
	through the real-world	and online democracy
	-	
	examples provided above	
	contrasting different opinions	
	online on the impact of these	
	examples and showcasing	
	how it could or if it could be	
	improved	
	Fristian Incorded as and skill	
	Existing knowledge and skill	
	are activated as a foundation	
	for new knowledge and skill	
	through the personal	
	examples provided above	
	contrasting different opinions	
	on the impact of these	
	examples and showcasing	
	how it could or if it could be	
	improved by applying on	
	themselves to better	
	comprehend past personal	
	occurrences	
	New knowledge is	
	demonstrated to the learner	
	through the fictional	
	examples provided above	
	contrasting online different	
	opinions on the impact of	
	these examples and	
	showcasing how it could or if	
	it could be improved	
	New knowledge is applied by	
	the learner through the	
	showcasing of how they plan	
	to react to new situation	
	comparing how they reacted	
	to the past with the use of	
	the self-assessment	
	New knowledge is integrated	
	into the learner's world	
	through the explaining by the	
	learners of the key takeaways	
	they value more and belief will	
	affect their reaction in the	
	future through the online quiz	
PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	TEACHING METHODS
Real-world Example analysis		









	Personal Example Analysis	Provides analysis using new	Guided online
	Fictional Example Analysis	knowledge of real-world	discussion, reflection,
		examples	solo exercise, feedback
	PRACTICAL AREA	Recollects and	from peers, feedback
	Provides analysis using new	communicates Personal	from trainer, Real-
	knowledge of real-world	examples within this context	world examples,
	examples	Responds to fictional	fictional example,
	Recollects and	examples with the evaluation	personal examples,
	communicates Personal	of the previous two preparing	what if analysis, open
	examples within this context	learner for future situations	dialogue
	Responds to fictional		
	examples with the evaluation	EDUCATIONAL AREA	
	of the previous two	Actively participates in class	
	preparing learner for future	exercises, supports position	
	situations	and maintains a more	
	situations	objective outlook	
	EDUCATIONAL AREA	Presents results in a coherent	
	Actively participates in	and systematic way	
	exercises, supports position	Is open to criticism and	
	and maintains a more	discussion	
	objective outlook	Feels free to ask questions	
	Presents results in a coherent	and adheres to trainer's	
	and systematic way	guidance	
	Is open to criticism and		
	discussion		
	Feels free to ask questions		
	and adheres to trainer's		
	guidance		
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHOD
	Self-evaluation form	Completes self-evaluation	Self-Evaluation,
	Mini Quiz	Complete mini-Quiz at home	reflection, non-grated
			summary applied
			learning exercise
Module	Module 4: Trolls and other	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHOD
4	creatures of the net	BLOOMS TAXONOMY	
	Introduction with key terms	_	Real-world examples
	Topic 1:	Remember	are mixed with
	Unacceptable behaviours,	An introductory part	personal experiences
	From Bulling to Fake News	presenting what is to be	and fictional examples
	Topic 2:	learned and key concepts	to create a lively
	What you should know about	Followed by a summary part	discussion and guided
	the dangers of the Digital	at the end of the course	form of learner
	world	revising key take aways.	centred approach
			
		Understand	Existing knowledge
		The delivery of the course will	and skill are activated
		include Real-world examples.	as a foundation for
		The trainer will take	new knowledge and
		questions while making	skill by using the
		clarifications between	learner's own
		situations and concepts.	











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<u>http</u>	s://trainingclub.eu/digcit/
Apply Trainees will be asked to	exposure to the concepts
adapt and demonstrate their new knowledge to their personal situation.	New knowledge is demonstrated to the learner through the use of
Analyse Trainees will be asked to compare, contrast and differentiate between the best practice examples	trainers' own experience and case study presented
provided and their personal situation as well as that of their peers.	Newknowledgeisintegratedintothelearner'sworldbyallowinglearnerstoexpresswhathas
Trainees will be asked to support and defend a course of action and responses given to imaginary scenarios as well as the contrast provided between the different situation described such as with the real-world examples provided.	changed in their approach through the self-assessment and quiz
SKILLS Learners are engaged in solving real-world problems by learning how to protect themselves and others	
Existing knowledge and skill are activated as a foundation for new knowledge and skill through the best practice's examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be improved	
New knowledge is demonstrated to the learner through the personal examples provided	
New knowledge is integrated	





into the learner's world





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		through the self-assessment	
		and quiz	
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	TEACHING METHODS
			Guided discussion,
	Real-world Example analysis	Provides analysis using new	reflection, solo
	Personal Example Analysis	knowledge of real-world	exercise, feedback
	Fictional Example Analysis	examples	from peers, feedback
	preparing learner for future	Recollects and communicates	from trainer, Real-
	situations	Personal examples within this	world examples,
		context	fictional example,
		Responds to fictional	personal examples,
		examples with the evaluation	what if analysis, open
		of the previous two	dialogue
		EDUCATIONAL AREA	uluogue
		Actively participates in	
		exercises, supports position	
		and maintains a more	
		objective outlook Presents results in a coherent	
		and systematic way	
		Is open to criticism and	
		discussion	
		Feels free to ask questions	
		and adheres to trainer's	
		guidance	
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHOD
	Self-evaluation form	Completes self-evaluation	Self-Evaluation,
	Mini Quiz	Complete mini-Quiz at home	reflection, non-grated
			summary quiz
Module	Module 5: Become an Access	COGNITIVE AREA	Real-world examples
5	and Inclusion champion		are mixed with
	Introduction with key terms	BLOOMS TAXONOMY	personal experiences
	Topic 1:	Remember	and fictional examples
	Be the Change	An introductory part	to create a lively
	Topic 2:	presenting what is to be	discussion and guided
	How to stay safe and protect	learned and key concepts	form of learner
	others	Followed by a summary part	centred approach
	Topic 3:	at the end of the course	
	A brave new World	revising key take away.	Existing knowledge
		_ · ·	and skill are activated
		Understand	as a foundation for
		The delivery of the course will	new knowledge and
		include Real-world examples.	skill by inviting
		The trainer will take	learners to give
		questions while making	personal examples and
		clarifications between	reconsidering how
		situations and concepts	safe their behaviour
			was
		Apply	
		עיאאר	











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		New Incodesta
	Trainees will be asked to	New knowledge is
	adapt and demonstrate their	demonstrated to the
	new knowledge to their	learner
	personal situation reflecting	through relatable
	on behaviour they now view	Real-world and
	as digitally wrong	fictional examples
		provided explain how
	Evaluate	learners can become
	Trainees will be asked to note	champions of the
	down measures they will	concepts
	adopt to improve the world	concepts
	around them	New knowledge is
		-
	a .	applied by the learner
	Create	by indicating learners
	Trainees will show how their	to write down
	understanding and behaviour	personal changes they
	has Improved and how does	intend to make
	the new learning relate to	
	their future actions.	New knowledge is
		integrated into the
	SKILLS	learner's world by
	Learners are engaged in	allowing learners to
	solving real-world problems	demonstrate if there
	by demonstrating how they	was a change of
	can become champions of	attitude in the
	digital democracy	approach, they take
	digital democracy	approach, they take
	Existing knowledge and skill	
	are activated as a foundation	
	for new knowledge and skill	
	through the review of their	
	personal choices in effecting	
	positive change in their	
	surroundings	
	New knowledge is	
	demonstrated to the learner	
	through the personal	
	examples of change the	
	trainer gives	
	New knowledge is integrated	
	into the learner's world	
	through the explaining by the	
	learners of the key takeaways	
	they value more and belief will	
	affect their reaction in the	
	future and course taken	
PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	TEACHING METHODS
Real-world Example analysis		Guided discussion,
Personal Example Analysis		reflection, solo
i		









Fistional Example Analysis		avancias foodlassi
Fictional Example Analysis	Provides analysis using new	exercise, feedback
Safeguards in plan	knowledge of real-world	from peers, feedback
	examples	from trainer, Real-
	Recollects and	world examples,
	communicates Personal	fictional example,
	examples within this context	personal examples,
	Responds to fictional	what if analysis, open
	examples with the evaluation	dialogue
	of the previous two preparing	
	learner for future situations	
	EDUCATIONAL AREA	
	Actively participates in	
	exercises, supports position	
	and maintains a more	
	objective outlook	
	Presents results in a coherent	
	and systematic way	
	Is open to criticism and	
	discussion	
	Feels free to ask questions	
	and adheres to trainer's	
	guidance	
PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	DAILY EVALUATION	TEACHING METHOD
Self-evaluation form	Completes self-evaluation	Self-Evaluation,
Mini Quiz	Complete mini-Quiz	reflection, non-grated
quiz		summary

E. EXPLANATION OF THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Measure individuals' progress: on completing the reading of each training module, the trainee will have the possibility to measure the individual progress through the questioning and application techniques. The self-evaluation test (module assessment) comprises individual tasks. Certificate: In order to be awarded a certificate of completion for this course the student will be required to complete the tasks for all five modules and gain all five badges. Collection of all badges will entitle the owner to receiving the certificate of course completion.

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Textbooks:

EN: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Access-and-Inclusion.pdf
 RO: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Access-and-Inclusion-RO.pdf
 GE: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Access-and-Inclusion-DE.pdf





GR: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Access-and-Inclusion-GR.pdf Moodle self-registration course: https://courses.trainingclub.eu/





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Learning and Creativity

A. COURSE OVERVIEW

Course description

If it is no longer possible to learn at school all the knowledge you will need for the rest of your life, then how you learn becomes more important than what you learn, even more so when you consider the rapid evolutions digital technology is bringing to the way we live. It has modified both the tools and platforms that support learning and knowledge access, replacing the traditional chalk and talk mode of knowledge transmission with interactive information and communication tools including and combining websites, e-mail exchanges, chat rooms, video conferencing, webinars, apps, robots, drones, virtual reality and more. eBooks, and the encyclopaedia by Wikipedia and the like are replacing printed books.

Learning and creativity refer to the willingness and the attitude of citizens towards learning in digital environments over their life course, both to develop and express different forms of creativity, with different tools, in different contexts. From this perspective, this course covers the development of personal and professional competences as citizens prepare for the challenges of technology-rich societies with confidence and in innovative ways.

Course structure

The course comprises five asynchronous teaching modules (theoretical, infographics, video and ppt), five synchronous training exercises (workshops, case studies) and five tasks that can be solved by individuals on their own peace. The five modules are:

- Module 1: Education, learning and citizenship
- Module 2: Reflection
- Module 3: Creativity
- Module 4: Putting creativity into practice
- Module 5: Media

Essential questions

Key questions	Results
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do 4 days, weeks, or months from now?	 In days / Weeks On short term, we expect the trainees to express different forms of creativity, with different tools, in different contexts.
	 Months On medium term, it is expected to manifest an increased willingness and a positive attitude towards learning in digital environments
How will this have enduring value for trainees beyond the classroom?	 Real-life situations / Daily tasks / Regular activities During their regular activities, trainees will apply creativity and will think out of the box, which is an important component of problem-solving
What should trainees understand about the topic?	Importance and necessity









	 It is important for trainee to understand that the way that they learn becomes more important than what they actually know and learn.
What key knowledge and skills will trainees acquire at the end of the lesson?	 Key knowledge and Skills Competency to develop effective learning strategy through reflection Competency to use metaphors in addressing various situations Skills to use strategies for solving out of the box problems Ability to create an environment favourable for creativity

B. STATEMENT OF TRAINING METHODOLOGY

Training methodology

The training is a combination of theoretical lessons accompanied by practical exercises and questionnaires. Tasks to measure students' progress and the level of understanding are gradually introduced throughout the course. During the online course, each participant will have access to a set of educational materials. After successfully solving the tasks, the trainees gain badges and are granted with access to the next module.

Course introduction

The course starts with a video presentation to introduce the course and a forum question addressed by course coordinator to help the students become familiar with peers and with the topics of the course.

Teaching medium

- Outlines and infographics to organize hierarchical structures and to illustrate relationships among various components of the educational material
- Inquire learning (direct by questions), case study (real situations for the students to explore concepts in an authentic context), game based (as students make certain progress, they can earn badges).
- Practical exercises and case studies: quiz (self-assessment), forum (opinion), feedback (respond in forum section).

C. COURSE OBJECTIVES

Upon successful completion of this course, the participants will have the ability to express creativity and take on a more active role in the learning process encourages engagement and participation, two essential building blocks in citizenship.

- Characterize the learning process;
- Describe learners' characteristics;
- Justify the importance of education.

D. COURSE PLAN

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects. Bloom's verbs	Instructional approach
	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHODS







N4 - 1 - 1			
Module	Education, learning and	ABILITIES	Discussions
1	citizenship	Upon completing this	Presentation
	- General education and	module, you will be able to:	
	types of education	 Characterize the learning 	
	- A world without	process;	
	education	Describe learners'	
	 Learner's attributes 	characteristics;	
	 Learning from failure 	 Justify the importance of 	
		education.	
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	PRACTICAL AREA
	Case study - J.K. Rowling - The	Guiding questions:	Discussions
	author of Harry Potter	1. What can I learn from	Annalise
	WALLARD TO A	this?	Real-world examples
	STATISTICS OF THE STATISTICS	2. What could I have	Debriefing
		done differently?	
		3. Do I need to acquire	
		or improve some skills?	
	Y STILL	4. Whom can I learn	
	A Martin	from?	
		5. What will I do next?	
	"The secret of life is to fall		
	seven times and to get up		
	eight times." Paulo Coelho		
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Quiz	Analyse the impact of schools	Assessment test
	Forum. Do you sometimes	on society;	Forum discussion
	wish that schools would	Express the opinion about	Self-reflection
	disappear? How do you think	society.	
	it would affect society?		
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHODS
2	Reflection	ABILITIES	Discussions
	- About reflection	Upon completing this	Presentation
	- Why to reflect	module, you will be able to:	
	- Elements of the reflective	Describe the reflective	
	process	process;	
	- What does reflection	 Develop effective 	
	involve	learning strategy through	
	- Reflective writing	reflection;	
	- Reflective questions	 Organize your thoughts in 	
	- Nine questions to	a reflective way.	
	improve your thinking		
	- Learners' traits and		
	performance		
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	PRACTICAL AREA
	Exercise: A reflective		Discussions
		Express the thoughts in a	
	experience	reflective way;	Reflective writing
		Write about a personal	Debriefing
		experience;	
]			









		Everage a future remarking	
		Express a future perspective about the personal	
		experience	
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Quiz	Recognize the presence of the	Assessment test
	Forum. Were you doing	reflective process in your life;	Forum discussion
	reflections before? How were	Describe your way of	Self-reflection
	you doing it and in what kind	reflecting	
	of moments?		
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHODS
3	Creativity	ABILITIES	Discussions
	How does the internet	Upon completing this	Presentation
	promote creativity	module, you will be able to:	
	What is creativity	Define the concept of	
	Four categories of creativity	creativity;	
	THE THE MODEL OF THE UNIT	 Give examples of creativity outputs; 	
	C C C C	 Explain the 4 C model of 	
	MINI-C LITTLE-C PRO-C BIG-C	creativity.	
	"CREATINIT" CREATINTY CREATINTY CREATINTY	creativity.	
	Creativity myths and		
	misconceptions		
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	PRACTICAL AREA
	Exercise: Two buckets	Create a new product for a	Presentation
		company;	Brainstorming Debuiefing
		Describe the new product	Debriefing
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Quiz	Define creativity;	Assessment test
	Forum. Tell us about an	Give examples of daily	Forum discussion
	example of creativity in your	creativity	Self-reflection
	everyday life that you		
	experience and describe why		
	it represents creativity for you		
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHODS
4	Creativity into practice	ABILITIES	Discussions
	 5 steps to optimize your brain for discoveries 	Upon completing this	Presentation
	- A 4-step evolutionary	module, you will be able to:	
	creative process	 Enumerate strategies for creativity; 	
	- Using combinatorial	 Solve think out of the box 	
	creativity	problems;	
	- Skills you need to express	 Explain metaphors 	
	your creativity	1E	
	- Metaphors to inspire		
	creative thinking		
	- Thinking outside the box		









	THINK		
	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 \ \mathbf{W} \mathbf{T} \mathbf{S} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{E} \\ \mathbf{T} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{E} \mathbf{B} \mathbf{\Phi} \mathbf{X} \\ \hline \mathbf{O} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{\Phi} \\ \mathbf{X} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{\Phi} \\ \hline \mathbf{O} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{X} \end{array} $		
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Exercise: How creative are you	PRACTICAL AREA Identify the personal level of creativeness Do the test to determine if you have the personality traits, attitudes, values, motivations, and interests that characterize creativity	PRACTICAL AREA Discussions Testing Debriefing
	DAILY EVALUATION Quiz Forum. How does the 4-step evolutionary creative process apply to small and large creative acts?	TASKS FOR TRAINEES Use this 4-step model to describe how you post something on social media (Facebook, Instagram, TikTok, Snapchat etc.) Apply the 4-step evolutionary creative process on social media	TEACHING METHODS Assessment test Forum discussion Self-reflection
Module 5	 THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Environments A short brief about environments Innovative environment Creative environment How to make a creative environment at school Social media environment Social media environment Community service: service learning Examples of service learning and community service activities 	COGNITIVE AREA ABILITIES Upon completing this module, you will be able to: Describe different types of environments; Create an environment favourable for creativity; Identify types of service learning.	TEACHING METHODS Discussions Presentation
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES CASE STUDY: What? So what? Now what?	PRACTICAL AREA Reflect on a given situation. Interpret a given role. Describe a given situation from a personal perspective	PRACTICAL AREA Discussions Reflect on the case study Resume the reflection







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		Debriefing
DAILY EVALUATION Quiz Forum. Do you consider that schools are a creative environment? Why yes? Why not?	TASKS FOR TRAINEES Express personal opinion about creativity in schools; Argue personal opinion about creativity in schools	TEACHING METHODS Assessment test Forum discussion Self-reflection

E. EXPLANATION OF THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Measure individuals' progress: on completing the reading of each training module, the trainee will have the possibility to measure the individual progress through the questioning and application techniques. The self-evaluation test (module assessment) comprises individual tasks. Certificate: In order to be awarded a certificate of completion for this course the student will be required to complete the tasks for all five modules and gain all five badges. Collection of all badges will entitle the owner to receiving the certificate of course completion.

F. REFERENCES:

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Textbooks:

EN: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Learning-and-Creativity.pdf</u> RO: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Learning-and-Creativity-RO.pdf</u> GE: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Learning-and-Creativity-DE.pdf</u> GR: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Learning-and-Creativity-GR.pdf</u> Moodle self-registration course: <u>https://courses.trainingclub.eu/</u>









Media and Information Literacy

A. COURSE OVERVIEW

Course description

Often, we talk about human rights like access to information, to education, free expression or social life participation. Many young people fight for them, which is very good. Surprisingly, once youth have them, they do not exactly understand how to use those rights. The way they use them is very much dependent on whether young people are literate enough to attain them. The media literacy level give youth the degree of independency in using their rights. This model course is an instrument for teachers to evaluate the level of youth literacy and to help them exceed the media and information literacy baseline. The proposed exercises are developed to improve the medial and information literacy skills of youth while raising their willing to correctly take advantages of own rights.

Course structure

The course comprises five asynchronous teaching modules (theoretical, infographics, video and ppt), five synchronous training exercises (workshops, case studies) and five tasks that can be solved by individuals on their own peace. The MIL course is available online and participants can join anytime.

Key questions	Results
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do in days, weeks, months from now?	 In days / Weeks Know how to fully understand found information, or know where to go for help if needed to understand it Months Concept: MIL implies having access to the media and information, understanding the media and information and creating/expressing oneself using the media and information
How will this have enduring value for trainees beyond the classroom?	 Real-life situations / Daily tasks / Regular activities Know how to organize, analyse, interpret and evaluate information, including source reliability Know how to communicate and present the information to others in appropriate and usable formats and mediums.
What should trainees understand about the topic?	 Importance MIL like a habit: ability to use functions of equipment, competence of navigation through menu, competence to control media Necessity Know how to utilize the information to solve a problem, make a decision or meet a need
What key knowledge and skills will trainees acquire at the end of the lesson?	 Key knowledge and Skills Realize that if a need or problem exists, it requires information

Essential questions









 Know how to accurately identify and define the information
needed to meet the need, solve the problem, or make the
decision
Know how to create, or to facilitate creation of, unavailable
information that you need;

B. STATEMENT OF TRAINING METHODOLOGY

Training methodology

The training is a combination of theoretical lessons accompanied by infographics, practical exercises and questionnaires. Tasks to measure students' progress and the level of understanding are gradually introduced throughout the course. During the online course, each participant will have access to a set of educational materials. After successfully solving the tasks, the trainees gain badges and are granted with access to the next module.

Course introduction

The course starts with a video presentation to introduce the course, by the trainer. Alternatively, a short quiz will be introduced to activate the trainees' interest and to help them assess and think on their own practices related to their health and wellbeing when using digital means and technologies.

Teaching medium

- Outlines and infographics to organize hierarchical structures and to illustrate relationships among various components of the educational material
- Inquire learning (direct by questions), case study (real situations for the students to explore concepts in an authentic context), game based (as students make certain progress, they can earn badges).
- Practical exercises and case studies: quiz (self-assessment), forum (opinion), feedback (respond in forum section).
- The course documentation is written in EN/RO/DE/GR.

C. COURSE OBJECTIVES

The old cliché,' "make people work smarter, not just harder," it is more actual than ever. It defines how the MIL impact the workforce of the 21st century. People are now able to become independent learners and critical thinkers. The better will integrate MIL skills in their daily routine, the more independent and efficient they would be.

Media and information literacy course aims to equip youth with critical information skills, which are crucial for your life-long learning. Participants in this course will identify the effects that media and advertising have on us; understand benefits and potential negative effects of media content and the importance of real-world knowledge.

D. COURSE PLAN

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects. Bloom's verbs	Instructional approach
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	Understanding the Role of Media	Content related to
1	Introduction to Media	and Information in Democracy	real-life situation.
	and Information Literacy		Problem-Centred –
	a. Media Literacy	The learner should be able to:	present a real-life









I	-		
	b. Information Literacy c. Technology Literacy	 define information needs explain the role and functions of media in democratic societies describe how communication is affected by media and information 	situation to engaged in solving problems Learner-centred pedagogy. - Students use prior knowledge and new experiences to develop new skills
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Class activity – Share your media habits, lifestyles and preferences to your classmates (face to face or online via forum)	Task: - describe a responsible use of media - structure the content and ideas - give feedback Poster analysis Vorte for a content and ideas - give feedback Poster analysis Vorte for a content and ideas	1 st Engage of 5E Ask trainees to describe/ write down what they already know about the topic
	EVALUATION	Task for trainees:	Forum
	Forum posts and reply	Know-Want-Learned chart – exercise	
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	Understanding Media Content and Its	Demonstration
2	Types of Media	Uses	principle of
	a. Print (books,		instruction.
	newsletter,	The learner should be able to:	
	magazines, journals, and	- identify sources of information	Demonstrate the
	other printed materials)	 determine the accuracy of content 	information via
	b. Broadcast (radio, television, and film)	A. Matching Type. Choose the letter of the answer that is related to the given concept. Answer may be repeated.	specific situations or cases (multiple examples).
	c. New Media (internet)	1. Television a. Print Media 2. Book b. Broadcast Media 3. Internet c. New media	examples).
	Media and Information Sources a. Indigenous b. Library c. Internet d. Others/ Mass Media Pros and Cons of Different Types of Media - as sources of information	4. Blog 5. Film	
	PRACTICAL TASKS/	Task:	2 nd Explore of 5E
	EXERCISES	- compare potential sources of media	Explore new
	Q1. What makes a	and information	concepts, review
	particular media platform appealing and useful?	- evaluate the use of different type of media	materials/ videos/ photos or articles and make
			observations.









	Why do young people prefer to use the internet		Discuss with peers.
	to traditional media? DAILY EVALUATION 5-Question Quiz	Task for trainees: - Solve questionnaire, Matching questions	Moodle quiz
Module 3	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Legal, Ethical, and Societal Issues in Media and Information	Accessing Information Effectively and Efficiently Applying New and Traditional Media Formats	3 rd Explain of 5E Relate the content to the previous module
	a. Copyright/Fair Use/ Plagiarism b. Netiquette c. Digital Divide, Addiction, and Bullying d. Virtual Self e. Others	The learner should be able to: - apply retrieval tools - put into practice the understanding of the intellectual property	Use video, software Application – recognize divergent examples
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Exercise to promote ethical use of media	Task: - discuss issues related to copyright $ = \underbrace{ $	Present and discuss: an interview with a celebrity in a role- playing scenario (well-known)
	DAILY EVALUATION Forum posts and reply	Task for trainees: - Enumerate opportunities and challenges in media and information	Moodle forum
Module 4	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Media and Information Literate Individual a. Improved quality of life b. Greater political participation c. Better economic opportunities d. Improved learning environment e. More cohesive social units f. Others	Situating the Sociocultural Context of Media Content The learner should be able to: - product media and information content - comprehend how manipulative information and media are formally and informally produced, organized, and disseminated	4 th Elaborate of 5 E Present tutorials: how to create a webpage, undertake a video production, do a broadcast morning news program, or act as a reporter Storyboard
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Peer critique activities	Task: - Constructively critically evaluate each other's work.	Integration principle of instruction and Investigation







SEAL Cyprus

	DAILY EVALUATION	Tasks for trainees:	Assignment
	Assessment	- produce and evaluate a creative	evaluation,
		text/visual/audio-based presentation	storyboard
		using design principle and elements	
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	Critically Evaluating Information and	Inquiry Learning
5	Dimensions of media	Information Source	
	a. Text Information		Learning directed by
	b. Visual Information	The learner should be able to:	questions,
	c. Audio Information	- assess information sources against	problems, or
		reliability, validity, accuracy,	challenges that
	Manipulative	authority, timeliness, and points of	student's work to
	Information and	view or biases among several	address.
	Media	evaluation criteria	
	a. Definition,		
	characteristics, format		
	and types, sources,		
	advantages and		
	limitations, and value		
	b. Selection Criteria		
	c. Design principle and		
	Elements		
	PRACTICAL TASKS/	Task:	5 th Evaluate of 5E
	EXERCISES	- Analyse the infographics with CRAAP	Observe trainees'
	CRAAP criteria exercise	criteria	skills
	Accuracy	DIGUTAL IN 2018	
	Author		Application –
	Currency		execute the 5 steps
	Fairness		of CRAAP
	Relevance		
	DAILY EVALUATION	Task for trainees:	5-MCQ Moodle
	Questionnaire	Solve quiz	

E. EXPLANATION OF THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Measure individuals' progress: on completing the reading of each training module, the trainee will have the possibility to measure the individual progress through the questioning and application techniques. The self-evaluation test (module assessment) comprises individual tasks.

Certificate: In order to be awarded a certificate of completion for this course the student will be required to complete the tasks for all five modules and gain all five badges. Collection of all badges will entitle the owner to receiving the certificate of course completion.

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Textbooks:

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GR: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Media-and-Information-Literacy-GR.pdf</u>

Moodle self-registration course: <u>https://courses.trainingclub.eu/</u>







Ethics and Empathy

A. COURSE OVERVIEW

Course description

Ethics and Empathy are those behaviours that maintain "peace"! Understanding others' feelings and reasons is paramount if individuals are to live their online experiences positively. The concept behind "Ethics" is quite old and complex. In Ancient Greece, it used to refer to the set of behaviours that an ideal society took as "good" or "positive" to keep or achieve peace and order. Something defined as "ethical" not only refers to a set of moral behaviours but comprises the whole idea of moving towards what is good and positive and, moreover, caring for others.

This course provides an understanding of the roles of Ethics and Empathy in the digital world. Unethical online behaviours have negative, even dramatic consequences and this course is intended to develop a learning environment that promotes positive behaviours and interactions.

Course structure

The course comprises five asynchronous teaching modules (theoretical, infographics, video and ppt), five synchronous training exercises (workshops, case studies) and five tasks that can be solved by individuals on their own peace. The five modules are:

- Module 1: Positive online behaviour
- Module 2: Empathy as a skill for life
- Module 3: Ethical thinking
- Module 4: Ethical decisions
- Module 5: Practice empathy

Key questions	Results
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do 4 days, weeks, or months from now?	 In days / Weeks On short term, we expect the trainees to recognize positive/negative behaviour interactions in the online world. They will be able to make decisions from an ethical standpoint Months On medium term, it is expected to practice empathy and
	promote positive online behaviours. In addition, we expect them to practice integrity when faced with ethical dilemmas
How will this have enduring	Real-life situations / Daily tasks / Regular activities
value for trainees beyond the classroom?	 During their regular activities, trainees will practice and gradually improve their empathy, to understand and feel other people's experiences, feelings and points of view.
What should trainees	Importance and necessity
understand about the topic?	 Unethical online behaviours have negative, even dramatic consequences

Essential questions









	 It is important for trainee to understand that it is about caring and acting to make online environments more positive, productive and meaningful places.
What key knowledge and skills will trainees acquire at the end of the lesson?	 Key knowledge and Skills Competency to create online interactions that promote positive behaviour Ability to recognize and treat negative behaviour online Capacity to illustrate empathic behaviour in online communication Skills to use techniques to correct someone in a professional way Ability to maintain integrity when faced with ethical dilemmas

B. STATEMENT OF TRAINING METHODOLOGY

Training methodology

The training is a combination of theoretical lessons accompanied by practical exercises and questionnaires. Tasks to measure students' progress and the level of understanding are gradually introduced throughout the course. During the online course, each participant will have access to a set of educational materials. After successfully solving the tasks, the trainees gain badges and are granted with access to the next module.

Course introduction

The course starts with a video presentation to introduce the course and a forum question addressed by course coordinator to help the students become familiar with peers and with the topics of the course.

Teaching medium

- Outlines and infographics to organize hierarchical structures and to illustrate relationships among various components of the educational material
- Inquire learning (direct by questions), case study (real situations for the students to explore concepts in an authentic context), game based (as students make certain progress, they can earn badges).
- Practical exercises and case studies: quiz (self-assessment), forum (opinion), feedback (respond in forum section).

C. COURSE OBJECTIVES

Upon successful completion of this course, the participants will have the ability to illustrate emphatic behaviour in online communication.

D. COURSE PLAN

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects.	Instructional
		Bloom's verbs	approach
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHODS
1	Positive online behaviour	ABILITIES	Discussions
	- How to use social media	Upon completing this	Presentation
	in a positive way	module, you will be able to:	Examples







		- -	
	 Deal with negative online behaviour Recognize trolls Professional support PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Exercise: The public meltdown of Amy's Bakery	 Use social media in a positive way Create online interactions that promote positive behaviour Recognize and deal with negative behaviour online PRACTICAL AREA Read the case study Reflect on: How are Amy and Samy's interactions with key audiences positive? How are they negative? Do you think the media's response was ethical towards Amy's Baking Company? Why or why not? Do you think Amy's Baking Company's response was ethical towards their online reviewers? Why or why not? How could Amy's Baking Company have built a better relationship with their clientele? 	PRACTICAL AREA Discussions Reflect on the case study Resume the reflection Debriefing
	DAILY EVALUATION Quiz Forum. What are the most appropriate methods to promote positive behaviour	TASKS FOR TRAINEES Identify online interactions that promote positive behaviour Structure the content and	TEACHING METHODS Assessment test Forum discussion Self-reflection
Module		ideas COGNITIVE AREA	
2	 THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Empathy as a skill for life Empathy – a necessary skill Categories of empathy Pro and Cons Stories Empathy during online communication 	 COGNITIVE AREA ABILITIES Upon completing this module, you will be able to: Understand the importance of empathy Explain what it means to have different perspectives on empathy Illustrate emphatic behaviour in online communication 	TEACHING METHODS Discussions Presentation Stories Case studies Reflect on the case study
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Exercise: Empathy Quiz The quiz contains 28 questions. The first 22 will be used to measure your level of empathy; the last six are included to understand how	PRACTICAL AREA Do the test! Reflect of results! Would you like to change something? What would be the steps?	PRACTICAL AREA Discussions Questionnaire, score and feedback Debriefing









	empathy relates to factors		
	like gender, birth order, and		
	political orientation		
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Quiz	Read the situation	Assessment test
	Forum. The teacher	Answer the questions: What	Forum discussion
	responded to one student "I	-	Self-reflection
	know exactly how you feel.	reaction if you were the	
	Let me tell you what I do in	, teacher?	
	those situations."		
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHODS
3	Ethical thinking	ABILITIES	Discussions
	- Ethical online behaviour	Upon completing this	Presentation
	- Take care of self-image	module, you will be able to:	Reflect on the case
	- Relationship and	 Understand ethical 	study
	communication. Ethical	behaviour	
	discourse online	 Explain how the use of 	
	 Ethical thinking 	social media can affect	
	- Case study: Your	your future	
	colleague is wrong. How	 Correct somebody in a 	
	to act?	professional way	
	90% of employers say social media is important when evaluating a job candidate.		
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	PRACTICAL AREA
	Exercise: Check the politeness	Write a message to ask for	Discussions
	with online instruments	support!	Creative text
		Tasks: Prepare your request.	elaboration
		Write a few sentences to	Online checking
		make someone understand	Review and Analyse
		what you need.	Reflect on the results
		Then, copy/paste in the online	Debriefing
		instrument	
		http://politeness.cornell.edu/	
	DAILY EVALUATION	· TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Quiz	Read about digital immigrants	Assessment test
	Forum. Understand the	Share your understanding of	Forum discussion
	willingness of non-native	the digital immigrants	Self-reflection
	digital individuals to talk in-		_
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	person or on the phone,		
Module 4	person or on the phone, rather than via chat. THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Ethical decisions Dealing with ethical dilemmas - Be a responsible digital citizen - Five reasons for using social media	COGNITIVE AREA ABILITIES Upon completing this module, you will be able to: Practice integrity when faced with ethical dilemmas Explain your personal responsibility to others	TEACHING METHODS Discussions Presentation
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Exercise: Spot the troll	on social media PRACTICAL AREA Read the messages written on social media by trolls or/ genuine and identify if you are facing a troll. The test is available online	PRACTICAL AREA Discussions Reflect on the case study Resume the reflection Debriefing
	DAILY EVALUATION Quiz Forum. How can we improve our skills to detect trolls?	here: https://spotthetroll.org/ TASKS FOR TRAINEES Evaluate your abilities to spot the troll Respond to the forum	TEACHING METHODS Assessment test Forum discussion Self-reflection
Module 5	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Practice empathy - Keep balance - Practice empathy - Dos and don'ts - Professional support. Use Web App that Facilitates Better Online Conversations	 question COGNITIVE AREA ABILITIES Upon completing this module, you will be able to: Understand and feel other people's experiences, feelings and points of view Create online interactions that promote positive online behaviours Evaluate pears online interactions from an ethical and empathic perspective 	TEACHING METHODS Discussions Presentation Testing Reflection
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Test: Check your online conversation Use online tools the check <u>http://faciloscope.cal.msu.ed</u> <u>u/facilitation/</u>	PRACTICAL AREA Write 3-4 lines to introduce an idea, connect with other ideas that may be already posted, share from your experience	PRACTICAL AREA Discussions Reflect on the comments Resume the reflection Debriefing









	and/or invite others to share from their practices. Copy/paste the text in the App Check the App comments How this new kind of comment analysis technology can help?	
DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
Quiz	Express personal opinion	Assessment test
Forum. Social media posts or	about online trolls	Forum discussion
other comments foster	Argue personal opinion about	Self-reflection
engagement	online trolls	

E. EXPLANATION OF THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Measure individuals' progress: on completing the reading of each training module, the trainee will have the possibility to measure the individual progress through the questioning and application techniques. The self-evaluation test (module assessment) comprises individual tasks.

Certificate: In order to be awarded a certificate of completion for this course the student will be required to complete the tasks for all five modules and gain all five badges. Collection of all badges will entitle the owner to receiving the certificate of course completion...

F. REFERENCES:

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Health and Wellbeing

A. COURSE OVERVIEW

Course description

This course addresses two elements of digital citizenship: the physical (health) and psychological wellbeing (wellness) of one's self while living and interacting in an ever-increasing digital technological world. Given the high frequency with which young people use technologies, particularly in their personal lives, health and wellbeing are areas that need to be addressed in the interest of developing well-balanced future citizens.

In the physical health aspect, the ergonomics of the workstation have become more important than ever, given the frequency and duration of use of technologies. Some injuries that can be avoided include repetitive stress injuries, eye strain and carpal tunnel syndrome. Simple solutions such as table height or screen placement can preclude health problems. In the psychosocial aspect, it is recognized that a cultural shift is occurring with respect to what is expected of individuals in social settings, in relationships with others through and with technology (e.g. social media, online forums, etc.). The nature of highly mobile and highly connected technology places pressure on the nature of social connectedness and behaviour, both physical and virtual. Among the most alarming facts related to youth's health and wellbeing is the rising percentages of young people suffering from some type of media addiction. They exhibit compulsive behaviour that interferes with their normal living and causes high levels of stress on family, friends and one's work environment (Young, 2009). Achieving balance has become a very relevant characteristic of healthy citizens.

Course structure

The course comprises five asynchronous teaching modules (theoretical, infographics, video and ppt), five synchronous training exercises (workshops, case studies) and five tasks that can be solved by individuals on their own pace. The Health and Wellbeing course is available online and participants can join anytime.

Key questions	Results
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do 4 days, weeks, or months from now?	 In 4 days: To remember the information presented in the course and the ways they can achieve health and wellbeing in their daily online practices. To gain the essential knowledge on how their wellbeing is endangered by the potential use, misuse and overuse of the digital and technological media devices
	 In Weeks/ Months: To be able to understand and assess their own practices when using digital media and technologies and change them accordingly, in order to achieve health and wellbeing To remember and apply useful tips on their personal use of media and computers (e.g. Related to ergonomics, sleep, social interactions and personal relationships)

Essential questions









	 To know the criteria based on which a behaviour related to the use of digital means can be considered as addiction, and the ways to address this addiction To learn how to moderate their use of digital means for their own benefit and for the benefit of their work, family, and social environment To know how to address issues related to digital health and wellbeing when interacting with others
How will this have enduring value for trainees beyond the classroom?	 Beyond the classroom: Know how to assess their online behaviours and practices and how to amend them for their own benefit Know where to turn in case they feel addicted to the internet and the media Know and apply good and healthy digital behaviours and avoid negative and dangerous ones Realize the extent to which their use of digital means and technologies can affect their body and mind Know how to keep the balance between the online and offline worlds
What should trainees understand about the topic?	 The importance of assessing and adjusting practices and behaviours related to digital means in order to maintain a good physical and psycho-social state The necessity of balancing online and offline activities for their wellbeing The connection and interdependence of the online and offline world and their effect one people's physical and psycho-social health The connection of the digital health and wellbeing to their roles as active citizens in their societies
What key knowledge and skills will trainees acquire at the end of the lesson?	 Key knowledge: Trainees will know: The specific key digital health issues which arise from non- ergonomically friendly practices Specific safe and dangerous online practices The means to maintain their physical health despite the extensive use of digital devices The key digital wellness issues which arise from overusing technology and why they occur The ways to avoid psycho-social problems related to the use of media and technology How to identifying media and internet addictions and where professional help can be found Skills: Trainees will develop Self-assessment skills Critical thinking







Practices related to the application of theoretical knowledge
into practice
 Social skills (for both online and offline environments)

B. STATEMENT OF TRAINING METHODOLOGY

Training methodology

The training is a combination of a theoretical section and practical activities accompanied by infographics, exercises and questionnaires. Tasks to measure students' progress and the development of the relevant skills and knowledge are gradually introduced throughout the course. During the online course, each participant will have access to a set of educational materials (such as articles, videos and relevant web pages). After successfully solving the tasks, the trainees gain badges and are granted with access to the next module.

Course introduction

1.5-2 min video presentation to introduce the course, by the trainer. Alternatively, a short quiz will be introduced to activate the trainees' interest and to help them assess and think on their own practices related to their health and wellbeing when using digital means and technologies.

Teaching medium

- Outlines and infographics to organize learning and to illustrate relationships among various components of the educational materials
- Inquire learning (direct by questions), case study (real situations for the students to explore concepts in an authentic context), game based (as students make certain progress, they can earn badges).
- Practical exercises and case studies: quiz (self-assessment), forum (opinion), feedback (respond in forum section).
- The course documentation is written in EN/ RO/DE/GR.

C. COURSE OBJECTIVES

The main objective of the course is for trainees to understand the importance of digital health and wellbeing and know the ways to maintain them, in this rapidly evolving digital era. The specific objectives are:

- Trainees will understand what specific key digital health issues arise from non-ergonomically friendly practices
- Trainees will be able to explain and show how specific non-ergonomically friendly practices produce specific health issues
- Trainees will be able to identify specific proven ergonomically solutions to put into place that
 offset these key digital health issues and why they work
- Trainees will realise the key digital wellness issues which arise from overusing technology and why they occur
- Trainees will understand and apply specific strategies in order to prevent key digital wellness issues
- Trainees will gain deep understanding of different types of media addictions (such as addictions to online games, to social media, FOMO, etc.) and where professional help can be found







D. COURSE PLAN

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects.	Instructional
		Bloom's verbs	approach
Module 1	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Introduction to digital health and wellbeing. Basic concepts to be introduced in this module are: - physical health - psycho- social health and wellbeing - ergonomics - digital habits - use/ overuse of and addiction to media - The basic elements affecting health and wellbeing (such as posture, time spent on online activities, sleeping habits, etc.).	COGNITIVE AREA Trainees should be able to: - identify the means to check their own digital habits - define the basic concepts related to digital health - give examples of good and dangerous digital habits - relate digital habits to health problems SKILLS Trainees should be able to: - recognise their own digital habits - critically think their online behaviours - compare and evaluate different digital habits and conclude on the optimal ones	TEACHING METHOD - The trainer uses real- life problems, habits and behaviours to guide students to acquire knowledge and skills. - The trainer uses activation techniques to help students connect their knowledge and experiences to the concepts presented in the module. - The trainer asks opening questions to engage students. The questions can be asked after the self- check quiz to promote dialogue and exchange of prior experiences in order to develop new
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Class activity: trainees take up the following test: https://plato.algonquincolleg e.com/ac- library/healthWellness/story html5.html . It is a self- check quiz, which reveals the extent to which their digital habits affect their well-being. The quiz includes 18 questions, each of which has 4 options. After completing the quiz, trainees share the results with the class and comment on the findings (face to face or online via forum).	PRACTICAL AREA Tasks: - recognize and describe healthy and unhealthy digital habits - structure the content and ideas - criticize specific digital practices - propose ways to achieve digital health and wellbeing - discuss the effect of specific digital habits on the physical and psycho- social health and well being Analysis of statistical data on the digital habits of young people (country specific/ globally)	skills TEACHING METHODS The trainer: - asks trainees to describe and write down what they already know about the topic - synthesizes the trainees' answers to conclude on common findings - presents and comments recent statistical data on the common online behaviours of young people - further clarifies concepts in case students pose questions









	DAULY EVALUATION		
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Forum posts and reply	Trainees:	Forum
		- answer the questions posed	
		at the forum	
		- evaluate each other's	
		knowledge on the new topics	
		- pose questions to clarify	
		concepts	
		- receive further educational	
		materials and an activity to	
		prepare until the next	
		meeting	
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	KNOWLEDGE	TEACHING METHOD
2	Workstation ergonomics	Trainees should be able to:	- The trainer uses real-
		- understand how to prevent	life situations to
	During this module, the	and eliminate pain, injuries	demonstrate the
	following topics will be	or discomfort when using	concepts and the
	presented and discussed:	their computer	dangers related to an
	- dangers, injuries, pain and	- realise the aspects which	environment which is
	discomfort related to	facilitate the creation of an	not ergonomically
	workstation ergonomics	optimal environment for	correct
	- tips and solution of the	working ergonomically	- The trainer activates
	prevention and elimination of	- explain why maintaining	trainees' prior
	these dangers	and ergonomically safe	knowledge and
	- creation of the optimal	environment is important for	experience to connect
	environment to work	physical health	them with the new
	ergonomically	- demonstrate the	concepts
	-	procedures to keep the	- The trainer
		workstation environment	demonstrates the
		safe and ergonomically	optimal and the
		correct	dangerous
			workstation
		SKILLS:	environment
		Trainees should be able to:	- The trainer
		- use right posture and	encourages trainees to
		movement of the body and	apply the new
		limbs as a task is performed	knowledge on their
		-design and use of tools,	everyday practices
		layout of the work area or	related to the use of
		equipment ergonomically	the computer
		- to recognize potential	
		physical dangers when using	
		the computer	
		- describe preventive	
		methods of dealing with	
		potential hazards	
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	Tasks for trainees:	TEACHING METHODS
	- Trainees are asked to read	- read and contemplate on	The trainer:
	this brief article	the usual mistakes people	- uses a PowerPoint
	https://www.cnet.com/how-	make when using their	presentation on the
	to/wake-up-call-are-you-	computers/ mobile devices	dangers and the









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	<u>making-these-five-</u> <u>ergonomics-mistakes/</u> on the five ergonomics mistakes	- to share their experiences on the health problems related to a non-	solutions related to ergonomics when using a computer
	people using the computer	ergonomically correct	- initiates and
	usually make and the trainer	environment	facilitates discussions
	asks for their personal	- to retrieve information	related to the new
	experience - Trainees are asked to watch	presented in the video, in	topics presented - shows the video on
	the following video	order to form opinions - to apply their prior and new	the health problems
	https://www.youtube.com/w	knowledge on the creation of	and their solutions and
	atch?v=bLBKUbnLYTs&t=11s&	a more ergonomic workplace	asks for further ideas
	ab_channel=Techquickie	- to predict future health	- prepares a practical
	related to common health	problems (eyes, back, neck,	exercise so that
	problems when using the	etc.) by judging one's	students apply their
	computer and the different	workstation	knowledge to create
	ergonomic and behaviour	E sutu	an ergonomic
	solutions - Based on the information	Exercise: Trainees are shown specific	workstation - uses brainstorming
	presented the trainer asks	items of a workstation (e.g.	on the optimal
	trainees to specify the ways to	desk, screen, mouse, etc) and	solutions for the
	make an office desk more	are asked to create an	development of a safe
	ergonomic. Trainees are given	ergonomic workstation and	workstation
	the following article	to explain and justify their	
	https://www.cnet.com/how-	choices	
	to/how-to-set-up-an-		
	ergonomic-workstation/ to verify their ideas and		
	to verify their ideas and proposals		
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Forum posts and reply	Trainees:	Forum
		- answer the questions posed	
		at the forum	
		- evaluate each other's	
		knowledge on the new topics	
		 pose questions to clarify concepts 	
		- receive further educational	
		materials and an activity to	
		prepare until the next	
		meeting	
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	KNOWLEDGE	- The trainer uses real-
3	Staying Mentally Healthy with	Trainees should be able to:	life situations to
	Technology The basic concepts presented	 realize their own behaviours when using the 	demonstrate the concepts and the
	during this module are:	social media	dangers related to the
	- what causes the constant	- recognize and identify	extensive use of social
	checking of electronic devices	behaviours which can be	media
	- the link between constant	considered as problematic in	- The trainer activates
	checking and stress	the use of social media	trainees' prior
		- analyse the factors which	knowledge and
		lead to stress and anxiety in	experience to connect









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- positive and negative sides	relation to the use of social	them with the new
of the most popular social	media	concepts
media	- design an alternative	- The trainer
- the effects of social media	pattern on their use of social	demonstrates the
on mental health (such as	media, when they feel that it	correct and incorrect
anxiety and depression)	is necessary	behaviours related to
- the impact of social media	- determine the ways to	social media
on people's relationships	achieve "digital detox"	- The trainer
- the reasons for a "digital	, C	encourages trainees to
detox" and its benefits	SKILLS:	apply the new
	Trainees should be able to:	knowledge on their
	- interpret the signs which	everyday practices
	indicate problematic use of	related to the use of
	social media on themselves	social media
	and on others	- The trainer presents
	- present the problematic	findings and data and
	behaviours related to social	initiates discussions on
	media to others for	the connection
	awareness raising purposes	between social media
	- organise and plan a: digital	and mental health
	detox" scheme for	- The trainer uses case
	themselves and for others	studies to promote
	- select specific behaviours	trainees' critical
	and reactions when using	
	social media	thinking and creativity
	-critically think and judge	
	their own social media	
	behaviours	
PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	Tasks for trainees:	The trainer:
- Trainees watch the following	- discuss the data from the	- uses a PowerPoint
video	articles and the video on the	
	connection between social	presentation on the
https://www.youtube.com/w		dangers and the
atch?v=Pgo65s1R6TM&ab_ch	media and mental health	solutions related to
annel=TEDxTalks, which	- evaluate and contemplate	the use of social media
explains why being hooked to	on their own behaviours	- initiates and
our Smartphones, is the most	when using (or avoiding)	facilitates discussions
interesting - yet silent -	social media	related to the new
addiction of our times.	- evaluate the case studies	topics presented
- Trainees go through the	presented by the trainer and	- shows the video on
following article	think of possible solutions to	the connection
https://www.sciencedaily.co	given problems	between anxiety and
m/releases/2016/03/1603021	- discuss in small groups the	social media use
21325.htm	ways to achieve a healthy	- prepares a practical
On how the mobile phone use	relationship with others on	exercise so that
is linked to depression and	social media and the Real-	students apply their
anxiety.	world.	knowledge to change
- Trainees are asked to discuss	- brainstorm the advice they	their own behaviours
on social media behaviours	would give somebody on the	when using and
which are considered	correct use of social media	interacting on social
problematic and the reasons		media
behind these behaviours		











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	- Trainees brainstorm on the characteristics and aspects of online and offline friendships - Trainees discover the ways to achieve a healthy relationship with their social media.		 uses brainstorming on the optimal solutions for the balanced use of social media prepares case studies to demonstrate to trainees the mental health problems which can arise from the excessive/ improper use of social media presents the positive sides of social media interactions to point out the need for a balanced use
	DAILY EVALUATION online quiz to assess the skills and knowledge related to the module	Trainees answer the quiz	Online quiz (multiple- choice questions, fill in the gap questions, questions requiring short answers and descriptions.
Module 4	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Media addictions The basic concepts presented during this module are: - the meaning and nature of media addictions - the five types of media addictions (e.g. for cybersex. cyber-relationships, online gambling, online games and online purchases) - the reasons behind these addictions - symptoms and diagnosis of media addictions - ways to address and combat media addictions - links to services providing help and support to addicted people	KNOWLEDGE Trainees should be able to: - define the different types of media addictions - recognize the symptoms of any type of media addiction - discuss the causes of these addictions in relation to youth - compare extensive use and addiction of the digital media - diagnose media addictions on themselves and others - propose individualized measures to minimize such addictions SKILLS: Trainees should be able to: - compose the profile of a person suffering from some type of media addiction - examine their own media behaviour against the criteria of addiction - develop strategies to minimize these addictions for them or for others	 The trainer uses real- life situations to demonstrate the dangers related to media addictions The trainer activates trainees' prior knowledge and experience to connect them with the new concepts The trainer demonstrates the correct and incorrect behaviours related to the avoidance of media addictions The trainer encourages trainees to apply the new knowledge on their everyday practices related to the use of media The trainer presents findings and data and initiates discussions on the connection









SEAL Cyprus

			· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		- recommend solutions in	between media
		cases of media addictions	addictions and other
			mental, emotional or
			physical health
			problems
			- The trainer uses case
			studies to promote
			trainees' critical
			thinking and creativity
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	Tasks for trainees:	The trainer:
	- Trainees take the short	- watch the videos and take	- uses a PowerPoint
	following quiz to find out	the test on media addictions	presentation on media
	whether they may be suffering	- discuss on the signs which	addictions
	from an addiction to the	are related to media	- initiates and
	internet:	addictions	facilitates discussions
	https://www.psycom.net/inte	- find solutions to case studies	related to the new
	rnet-addiction-test-quiz	of young people being	topics presented
	- Trainees watch the following	addicted to the internet and	- shows the videos on
	video	the media	media addictions
	https://www.youtube.com/w	- brainstorm ideas on the	- prepares a practical
	atch?app=desktop&v=iW5nqf	alternative activities to avoid	exercise so that
		or minimize media addictions	
	urlPs&ab_channel=BBCNewsn		students apply their
	ight on media addictions and	- critically think of the causes	knowledge to change
	the difference between	of these addictions	their own behaviours
	extensive use and addiction		in case they feel they
	- Trainees watch Dr. Young's		are addicted to the
	presentation on how to		Internet
	identify warning signs of		- uses brainstorming
	Internet addiction and what		on the optimal
	we can do to manage		solutions for the
	technology in our daily lives.		balance use of media
	https://www.youtube.com/w		and the Internet
	atch?app=desktop&v=vOSYm		 prepares case studies
	LER664&ab_channel=TEDxTal		to demonstrate to
	ks		trainees the mental
			health problems which
			can arise from media
			addictions
	DAILY EVALUATION	Trainees answer the quiz	Online quiz (multiple-
	online quiz to assess the skills		choice questions, fill in
	and knowledge related to the		the gap questions,
	module		questions requiring
			short answers and
			descriptions.
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	KNOWLEDGE	- The trainer uses real-
5	Issues related to the healthy	Trainees should be able to:	life situations to
	use of digital tools and online	- recognise how different	demonstrate the
	devices:	aspects of the use of the	dangers related to
	- digital footprints	media can cause mental and	online privacy and
	- online sharing	emotional problems	fake news
	- online privacy		-
1	- 1		









r			
	ake news	- realize the importance of	- The trainer activates
	hen social media go wrong	online privacy and digital	trainees' prior
	ese issues will be presented	footprints	knowledge and
and	d discussed in relation to	- explain how fake news can	experience to connect
the		cause distress and anxiety	them with the new
	alth and wellbeing. They	 summarize the factors in 	concepts
	I be briefly presented and	the use of media that	- The trainer
	cussed, since some of them	endanger health and	demonstrates the
	I be deeply analysed in	wellbeing	correct and incorrect
	ferent courses and		behaviours related to
mo	odules.	SKILLS	balancing online and
		Trainees should be able to:	offline life
		- relate specific online	- The trainer
		behaviours to mental	encourages trainees to
		problems	apply the new
		- distinguish between fake	knowledge on their
		and real news	everyday practices
		- to practice safe online	related to the use of
		behaviours regarding privacy	media
		matters	- The trainer presents
		- evaluate incidents related	findings and data and
		to the appearance of health	initiates discussions on
		problems from being online	the connection
		-recommend solutions to	between media and
		address privacy issues and the effects of fake news on	mental, emotional or
		themselves and on others	physical health problems
		themselves and on others	- The trainer uses case
			studies to promote
			trainees' critical
			thinking and creativity
PR	ACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	Tasks for trainees:	The trainer:
	rainees watch the following		- uses a PowerPoint
vid	-	defamation and online	presentation on usual
_	ormation threatens to ruin	privacy	problems related to
	ople's life when it falls into	- find solutions to case studies	online privacy, digital
	e wrong hands:	of young people who ignored	footprints and fake
	ps://www.youtube.com/w	matters of privacy and digital	news
	h?v=H0I7jQb37bo&ab cha	footprints	- initiates and
	el=NOVAPBSOfficial	- critically think of the correct	facilitates discussions
	rainees read the following	media behaviours to avoid	related to the new
	icle on what to do when	metal health problems	topics presented
ma	tters of online sharing and		- shows the videos
	vacy create problems:		- prepares a practical
	ps://zvulony.ca/2012/articl		exercise so that
	defamation-articles/top-		students apply their
	n-tips-libeled-internet/		knowledge to change
			their own behaviours
			- uses brainstorming
			on the optimal
			solutions for the











		balance use of media and the Internet by respecting privacy and truth - prepares case studies to demonstrate to trainees the mental health problems which can arise from unthoughtful media behaviours
DAILY EVALUATION online quiz to assess the skills and knowledge related to the module	Trainees answer the quiz	Online quiz (multiple- choice questions, fill in the gap questions, questions requiring short answers and descriptions.

E. EXPLANATION OF THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Measure individuals' progress: on completing the reading of each training module, the trainee will have the possibility to measure the individual progress through the questioning and application techniques. The self-evaluation test (module assessment) comprises individual tasks.

Certificate: In order to be awarded a certificate of completion for this course the student will be required to complete the tasks for all five modules and gain five badges. Collection of all badges will entitle the owner to receiving the certificate of course completion.

F. REFERENCES:

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Textbooks:

EN: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Health-and-Wellbeing.pdf RO: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Health-and-Wellbeing-RO.pdf GE: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Health-and-Wellbeing-DE.pdf GR: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Health-and-Wellbeing-GR.pdf Moodle self-registration course: https://courses.trainingclub.eu/









E-Presence and Communications

A. COURSE OVERVIEW

Course description

Course description: The course "e-Presence and Communications" deals with competences related to online communication and interaction with others through virtual social spaces. More and more people are spending a greater part of their lives online for many reasons that expand beyond work and entertainment. Maintaining an active on-line presence in turns becomes increasingly important in terms of both work and personal live. Knowing how to communicate and address issues related to one's virtual profile as well as image is among the top eSkill's that people, especially young ones should master.

Course structure

The course comprises five asynchronous teaching modules (theoretical, infographics, video and ppt), five synchronous training exercises (workshops, case studies) and five tasks that can be solved by individuals on their own peace. The course is available online and participants can join anytime.

Essential questions

Trainees will remember the Best Practices on e-presence and communication in the short run, how to strategically approach e-presence and communication in the meanwhile and how to be safer and moral in the end. Students can address real-life situations by being better able to respond and communicate their meaning while performing related daily tasks more efficiently utilizing best practices and optimizing regular

That e-presence is inescapable for the most part in the modern era. Just as there are good, manners and standards of behaviour in the physical world so there are in the digital one.

Using the knowledge obtained from this course, trainees will learn How to stay safer online and maximize their e-presence results by optimizing and using communication techniques and strategies.

Key questions	Results
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do in days, weeks, months from now?	 In days / Weeks Know Best Practices on e-presence and communication in the short run Months How to strategically approach e-presence and communication in the meanwhile and how to be safer and moral in the long run
How will this have enduring value for trainees beyond the classroom?	 Real-life situations / Daily tasks / Regular activities Students can address real-life situations by being better able to respond and communicate their meaning while performing related daily tasks more efficiently utilizing best practices and optimizing regular activities performance.
What should trainees understand about the topic?	 Importance That e-presence is inescapable for the most part in the modern era. Necessity









	 Just as there are good, manners and standards of behaviour in the physical world so there are in the digital one.
What key knowledge and skills will trainees acquire at the end of the lesson?	 Key knowledge and Skills How to stay safer online and maximize their e-presence results by optimizing and using communication techniques and strategies

B. STATEMENT OF TRAINING METHODOLOGY

Training methodology

The training is a combination of theoretical lessons accompanied by infographics, practical exercises and questionnaires. Tasks to measure students' progress and the level of understanding are gradually introduced throughout the course. During the online course, each participant will have access to a set of educational materials. After successfully solving the tasks, the trainees gain badges and are granted with access to the next module.

Learner-centred pedagogy: Students use prior knowledge and new experiences to develop new skills (constructivism). The teacher creates the educational context and facilitate the learning process, guiding students as they learn new concepts.

Course introduction

The course starts with a video presentation to introduce the course, by the trainer. Alternatively, a short quiz will be introduced to activate the trainees' interest and to help them assess and think on their own practices related to their health and wellbeing when using digital means and technologies.

Teaching medium

- Outlines and infographics to organize hierarchical structures and to illustrate relationships among various components of the educational material
- Inquire learning (direct by questions), case study (real situations for the students to explore concepts in an authentic context), game based (as students make certain progress, they can earn badges).
- Practical exercises and case studies: quiz (self-assessment), forum (opinion), feedback (respond in forum section).
- The course documentation is written in EN/RO/DE/GR.

C. COURSE OBJECTIVES

Upon successful completion of this course, the participants are expected to be able to:

- Recognize positive/negative behaviour interactions in online world.
- Identify the trustworthiness of the resources
- Understand how interlinked the online community is and whatever is posted can reaper in numerous forums
- Identify best practices for maintaining a safe and healthy online presence
- Employ e-presence strategies that increase visibility of profile
- Understand the differences between communications in the physical world and the digital world
- Recognize online communication methods and the forms they take
- Create online interactions that promote positive online behaviours







Competencies:

- Capacity to understand online communications
- Ability to communicate online in a proper manner
- Ability to create and sustain an online presence
- Ability to use major online applications
- Ability to interact with social media
- Attitude that promotes positive online behaviours and interactions

The course is made of five modules. The first two begin by introducing learned into the concepts and gradually build up by demonstrating the usefulness of the skills to be learned, the next two involve the designing and optimizing of an action plan for learners to improve their communication and e-presence skills while the fifth module binds them all together by providing for the necessary safeguards in the action plan and letting learners know of the best ways to behave online and seek recourse against unfavourable behaviours. All the course is drafted in the same light to effect consistency and involve a small case study that is gradually applied in an exercise to a greater extend.

D. COURSE PLAN

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects.	Instructional
		Bloom's verbs	approach
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHOD
1	Introducing e-presence:		
		BLOOMS TAXONOMY	Real-world examples
	What is e-presence?		are mixed with
	How does it differ from	Remember	personal experiences
	physical presence?	An introductory part	and fictional examples
	How is e-presence and	presenting what is to be	to create a lively
	physical presence combined	learned and key concepts	discussion and guided
		Followed by a summary part	form of learner
		at the end of the course	centred approach
		revising key take always	
		including basic e presence	Existing knowledge
		concept and evolution	and skill are activated
			as a foundation for
		Understand	new knowledge and
		The delivery of the course will	skill by inviting
		include Real-world examples.	learners to give
		The trainer will often	personal examples
		interrupt the course and take	offering and inviting
		questions while making	conflicting views and
		clarifications between	attempting to merge
		situations and concepts such	them together while
		as famous or infamous bad e-	trainer gives own
		presence results	personal example on
			their favourite social
		Apply	media
		Trainees will be asked to	
		adapt and demonstrate their	
		new knowledge to their	









personal situation such as with the use of their favourite social media Analyse Trainees will be asked to	New knowledge is demonstrated to the learner through relatable Real-world and fictional examples
compare, contrast and differentiate between the real-world examples provided and their personal situation	provided explain how e-presence can have very real effects
as well as that of their peers. They will be invited to do so also on imaginary scenarios. This will include exercises of finding the mistake in e- presence approaches	New knowledge is applied by the learner by inviting learners to examine the examples provided and they would have reacted
Evaluate Trainees will be asked to support and defend a course	differently using their favourite social media New knowledge is
of action and responses given to imaginary scenarios as well as the contrast provided between the different situation described such as with the real-world examples provided. Trainees will be asked to imagine if this situation involve physical presence as opposes to e- presence what would the results and difference be	integrated into the learner's world by allowing learners to demonstrate how and if there was a change of attitude in the approach, they take on their favourite social media
Create Trainees will show how their understanding and behaviour has Improved and how does the new learning relate to their future actions. They will note the key differences between e-presence and physical presence and how the two relate	
SKILLS Learners are engaged in solving real-world problems through the real-world examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these	













examples and showcasing	
how it could or if it could be	
improved. They will be able	
to tell what this famous or	
infamous e-presence	
examples involved and how	
they affected physical	
presence	
presence	
Existing knowledge and skill	
are activated as a foundation	
for new knowledge and skill	
through the personal	
examples provided above	
contrasting different opinions	
on the impact of these	
examples and showcasing	
how it could or if it could be	
improved. This involves	
considering how trainees can	
improve their e-presence on	
their favourite social media	
New knowledge is	
demonstrated to the learner	
The second se	
through the fictional	
examples provided above	
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examples provided above	
examples provided above contrasting different opinions	
examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these	
examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing	
examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be	
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examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be improved. This involves trainees examining the constituent parts of the fictional e-presence and physical presence examples and finding similarities and difference in the two while	
examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be improved. This involves trainees examining the constituent parts of the fictional e-presence and physical presence examples and finding similarities and	
examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be improved. This involves trainees examining the constituent parts of the fictional e-presence and physical presence examples and finding similarities and difference in the two while advising on best approaches	
examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be improved. This involves trainees examining the constituent parts of the fictional e-presence and physical presence examples and finding similarities and difference in the two while advising on best approaches	
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examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be improved. This involves trainees examining the constituent parts of the fictional e-presence and physical presence examples and finding similarities and difference in the two while advising on best approaches to take New knowledge is applied by the learner through the showcasing of how they plan to react to new situation comparing how they reacted to the past. Their favourite	
examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be improved. This involves trainees examining the constituent parts of the fictional e-presence and physical presence examples and finding similarities and difference in the two while advising on best approaches to take New knowledge is applied by the learner through the showcasing of how they plan to react to new situation comparing how they reacted to the past. Their favourite social media is enriched by	
examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be improved. This involves trainees examining the constituent parts of the fictional e-presence and physical presence examples and finding similarities and difference in the two while advising on best approaches to take New knowledge is applied by the learner through the showcasing of how they plan to react to new situation comparing how they reacted to the past. Their favourite	











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		New knowledge is integrated	
		into the learner's world	
		through the explaining by the learners of the key takeaways	
		they value more and belief	
		will affect their reaction in	
		the future. Trainees will show	
		how their reaction will now	
		be on their favourite social	
		media	
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	TEACHING METHODS
	,	Provides analysis using new	Guided discussion,
	Real-world Example analysis	knowledge of real-world	reflection, group
	Personal Example Analysis	examples	exercise, solo exercise,
	Fictional Example Analysis	Recollects and	feedback from peers,
	Group exercise	communicates Personal	feedback from trainer,
		examples within this context	Real-world examples,
		Responds to fictional	fictional example,
		examples with the evaluation	personal examples,
		of the previous two preparing	what if analysis, open
		learner for future situations	dialogue
		EDUCATIONAL AREA	
		Actively participates in class	
		exercises, supports position	
		and maintains a more	
		objective outlook	
		Presents results in a coherent	
		and systematic way	
		Is open to criticism and	
		discussion	
		Feels free to ask questions	
		and adheres to trainer's	
		guidance	
		Works with peers to deliver a	
		group result	
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Self-evaluation form	Completes self-evaluation	Self-Evaluation,
	Mini Quiz	Complete mini-Quiz at home	reflection, non-grated
			summary quiz
Module 2	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	Real-world examples are mixed with
	Introducing Communication:	BLOOMS TAXONOMY	personal experiences
	Verbal Communication	Remember	and fictional examples
	Nonverbal communication	An introductory part	to create a lively
	Written communication	presenting what is to be	discussion and guided
	Communication in the digital	learned and key concepts	form of learner
	era	Followed by a summary part	centred approach











at the and of the course	
at the end of the course	Putational in the
revising key take always	Existing knowledge
including basic	and skill are activated
communication concept and	as a foundation for
evolution	new knowledge and
	skill by inviting
Understand	learners to give
The delivery of the course will	personal examples
include Real-world examples.	offering and inviting
The trainer will often	conflicting views and
interrupt the course and take	attempting to merge
questions while making	them together while
clarifications between	trainer gives own
situations and concepts such	personal example on
as famous or infamous bad	miscommunication
communication results	instances
Apply	New knowledge is
Trainees will be asked to	demonstrated to the
adapt and demonstrate their	learner
new knowledge to their	through relatable
personal situation such as	Real-world and
with instances of	fictional examples
misunderstanding	provided explain how
6	communication can
Analyse	have very real effects
Trainees will be asked to	,
compare, contrast and	New knowledge is
differentiate between the	applied by the learner
real-world examples provided	by inviting learners to
and their personal situation	examine the example
as well as that of their peers.	provided and they
They will be invited to do so	would have reacted
also on imaginary scenarios.	differently using their
This will include exercises of	new knowledge on
finding the mistake in	communication
communication approaches	
	New knowledge is
Evaluate	integrated into the
Trainees will be asked to	learner's world by
support and defend a course	allowing learners to
of action and responses given	demonstrate how and
to imaginary scenarios as well	if there was a change
as the contrast provided	of attitude in their
between the different	approach, they take on
situation described such as	communication
with the real-world examples	
provided. Trainees will be	
asked to imagine if this	
situation involve verbal	
communication as opposes to	











written communication what would the results and difference be Create Trainees will show how their understanding and behaviour has Improved and how does the new learning relate to their future actions. They will note the key differences between verbal, written and non-verbal communication and how the three relate SKILLS Learners are engaged in solving real-world problems
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SKILLS Learners are engaged in
Learners are engaged in
Learners are engaged in
solving real-world problems
through the real-world
examples provided above
contrasting different opinions
on the impact of these
examples and showcasing
how it could or if it could be
improved. They will be able
to tell what this famous or
infamous communication
examples involved and how
they affected the Real-world
Existing knowledge and skill
are activated as a foundation
for new knowledge and skill
through the personal
examples provided above
contrasting different opinions
on the impact of these
examples and showcasing
how it could or if it could be
improved. This involves
considering how trainees can
improve their communication
skills on the verbal, written
and nonverbal level
New knowledge is
demonstrated to the learner
demonstrated to the learner through the fictional
demonstrated to the learner through the fictional examples provided above
demonstrated to the learner through the fictional











	examples and showcasing	
	how it could or if it could be	
	improved. This involves	
	trainees examining the	
	constituent parts of the	
	fictional communication	
	examples and finding	
	similarities and difference in	
	the two while advising on	
	best approaches to take	
	New knowledge is applied by	
	the learner through the	
	showcasing of how they plan	
	to react to new situation	
	comparing how they reacted	
	to the past. Their ability to	
	communicate is enriched by	
	this new approach	
	New knowledge is integrated	
	into the learner's world	
	through the explaining by the	
	learners of the key takeaways	
	they value more and belief will	
	affect their reaction in the	
	future. Trainees will show	
	what their reaction will now	
	be on similar future situations	
PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	TEACHING METHODS
Real-world Example analysis	Provides analysis using new	Guided discussion,
Personal Example Analysis	knowledge of real-world	reflection, group
Fictional Example Analysis	examples	exercise, solo exercise,
Group exercise	Recollects and	feedback from peers,
	communicates Personal	feedback from trainer,
	examples within this context	Real-world examples,
	Responds to fictional	fictional example,
	examples with the evaluation	personal examples,
	of the previous two preparing	what if analysis, open
	learner for future situations	dialogue
	EDUCATIONAL AREA	
	Actively participates in class	
	exercises, supports position	
	and maintains a more	
	objective outlook	
	Presents results in a coherent	
	and systematic way	
	Is open to criticism and	
	discussion	











		Feels free to ask questions	
		and adheres to trainer's	
		guidance	
		Works with peers to deliver a	
		group result	
	DAILY EVALUATION	Tasks for Trainees	TEACHING METHOD
	Self-evaluation form	Completes self-evaluation	Self-Evaluation,
	Mini Quiz	Complete mini-Quiz at home	reflection, non-grated
	quiz		summary
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHOD
3			
5		DLOODAS TAYONODAY	Deel world evenue
	e-presence and	BLOOMS TAXONOMY	Real-world examples
	Communication:		are mixed with
		Remember	personal experiences
	Joining the two	An introductory part	and fictional examples
	How does communication	presenting what is to be	to create a lively
	affect e-presence and vice	learned and key concepts	discussion and guided
	versa?	Followed by a summary part	form of learner
		at the end of the course	centred approach
		revising key take aways. A	control approach
			Evisting knowledge
		small summary of the	Existing knowledge
		previous two modules will be	and skill are activated
		given	as a foundation for
			new knowledge and
		Understand	skill by inviting
		The delivery of the course will	learners to give
		include Real-world examples.	personal examples
		The trainer will often	offering and inviting
		interrupt the course and take	conflicting views and
		questions while making	attempting to merge
		clarifications between	them together while
		situations and concepts. The	an action plan for e-
		course will also explain how	presence and better
		successful online	communication is
		personalities become such	made
			New knowledge is
		Apply	demonstrated to the
		Trainees will be asked to	learner
		adapt and demonstrate their	through relatable
		new knowledge to their	Real-world and
		personal situation. Using their	fictional examples
		•	
		new knowledge, they will	provided explain how
		complete a draft action plan	communication
		to improve their media	approaches can have
		presence through proper	very real effects on e-
		communication	presence and the
			physical world
		Analyse	
L	I		ı











Trainees will be asked to compare, contrast and differentiate between the real-world examples provided and their personal situation as well as that of their peers. They will be invited to do so also on imaginary scenarios. The learners will contrast the successful online personas and approaches taken by them with their own Evaluate Trainees will be asked to support and defend a course of action and responses given to imaginary scenarios as well as the contrast provided between the different situation described such as with the real-world examples provided. Create Trainees will show how their	New knowledge is applied by the learner by inviting learners to examine the examples provided and they would have reacted differently using their new draft action plan New knowledge is integrated into the learner's world by allowing learners to demonstrate how and if there was a change of attitude in the approach, they take on communication
Irainees will show how their understanding and behaviour has Improved and how does the new learning relate to their future actions. The draft action plan will be discussed with the trainer SKILLS Learners are engaged in solving real-world problems through the real-world examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be improved through the display of successful and eventually not successful online personas	
Existing knowledge and skill are activated as a foundation for new knowledge and skill through the personal	











PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES			
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Real-world Example analysis Personal Example Analysis Fictional Example Analysisknowledge of real-world examplesreflection, exercise, solo exercise, feedback from peers, communicates Personal examples within this context Responds to fictionalreflection, exercise, solo exercise, feedback from peers, feedback from trainer, Real-world examples, fictional	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES		TEACHING METHODS
Real-world Example analysis Personal Example Analysis Fictional Example Analysisknowledge of real-world examplesreflection, exercise, solo exercise, feedback from peers, communicates Personal examples within this context Responds to fictionalreflection, exercise, solo exercise, feedback from peers, feedback from trainer, Real-world examples, fictional example,		Provides analysis using new	Guided discussion,
Personal Example Analysisexamplesexercise, solo exercise,Fictional Example AnalysisRecollects andfeedback from peers,Communicates Personalfeedback from trainer,PRACTICAL AREAexamples within this contextReal-world examples,Responds to fictionalfictional example,	Real-world Example analysis		reflection, group
PRACTICAL AREAcommunicates Personal examples within this context Responds to fictionalfeedback from trainer, Real-world examples, fictional		examples	exercise, solo exercise,
PRACTICAL AREAexamples within this context Responds to fictionalReal-world examples, fictional	Fictional Example Analysis	Recollects and	feedback from peers,
Responds to fictional fictional example,		communicates Personal	feedback from trainer,
Responds to fictional fictional example,	PRACTICAL AREA	examples within this context	Real-world examples,
examples with the evaluation personal examples,		Responds to fictional	fictional example,
		examples with the evaluation	personal examples,









6

Provides analysis using new knowledge of real-worldof the previous two preparing learner for future situationswhat if anal dialogue	ysis, open
	1
examples	
Recollects and EDUCATIONAL AREA	
communicates Personal	
examples within this context Actively participates in class	
Responds to fictional exercises, supports position	
examples with the evaluation and maintains a more	
of the previous two objective outlook	
preparing learner for future Presents results in a coherent	
situations and systematic way	
Is open to criticism and	
EDUCATIONAL AREA discussion	
Feels free to ask questions	
Actively participates in class and adheres to trainer's	
exercises, supports position guidance	
and maintains a more Works with peers to deliver a	
objective outlook group result	
Presents results in a coherent	
and systematic way	
Is open to criticism and	
discussion	
Feels free to ask questions	
and adheres to trainer's	
guidance	
Works with peers to deliver a	
group result	
DAILY EVALUATION TASKS FOR TRAINEES TEACHING M	IETHOD
Self-evaluation form	
Mini Quiz Completes self-evaluation Self-Evaluation	ion,
Action plan draft Complete mini-Quiz at home reflection, r	non-grated
Group exercise Completes draft of action plan summary	applied
learning exercise	
Module THEORETICAL SUBJECTS COGNITIVE AREA TEACHING M	
4 Optimizing e-presence and	
communication: BLOOMS TAXONOMY Real-world e	-
Visual presence are mixed w	
Non visual presenceRememberpersonal exp	
Best practices on optimizing An introductory part and fictional	examples
e-presence and presenting what is to be to create a li	vely
communication learned and key concepts discussion a	nd guided
Followed by a summary part form of learn	-
at the end of the course centred app	-
revising key take aways. The	
student will be asked to go Existing know	wladaa
	-
as a foundat	
Understand new knowle	-
The delivery of the course will skill by using	
	on plan to
include Real-world examples. learners action The trainer will often	









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interrupt the course and take	include best practice
questions while making	example in it
clarifications between	
situations and concepts. Best	New knowledge is
practice examples on	demonstrated to the
optimizing e-presence and	learner
communication will be	through the use of
explained	best practice examples
	that become relatable
Apply	through their use in
Trainees will be asked to	their personal action
adapt and demonstrate their	plan for e-presence
new knowledge to their	and communication
personal situation. Based on	
the best practices, trainees	New knowledge is
will improve their plan	applied by the learner
• •	Through the guided
Analyse	finalisation of the plan
Trainees will be asked to	
compare, contrast and	New knowledge is
differentiate between the	integrated into the
best practice examples	learner's world by
provided and their personal	, allowing learners to
situation as well as that of	express what has
their peers. They will be	changed in their
invited to do so also on	approach following the
imaginary scenarios. These	completion of the
will feed in on the final	action plan
version of their plan	
Evaluate	
Trainees will be asked to	
support and defend a course	
of action and responses given	
to imaginary scenarios as well	
as the contrast provided	
between the different	
situation described such as	
with the real-world examples	
provided. Trainees will assess	
the possibility of	
implementing their action	
plan and contrast different	
-	
ideas from their fellows' plans	
Create	
Trainees will show how their	
understanding and behaviour	
has Improved and how does	
the new learning relate to	
their future actions. They will	
and a sectorior may will	













	finalise their plan having	
	exchanged plans between them for review and set a	
	start date	
	start uate	
	SKILLS	
	Learners are engaged in	
	solving real-world problems	
	through devising their own	
	action plan for e-presence	
	and communication	
	Existing knowledge and skill	
	are activated as a foundation	
	for new knowledge and skill	
	through the best practice's	
	examples provided above	
	contrasting different opinions on the impact of these	
	examples and showcasing	
	how it could or if it could be	
	improved	
	New knowledge is	
	demonstrated to the learner	
	through the best practice	
	examples provided	
	New knowledge is applied by	
	the learner through the	
	incorporation of the best	
	practices in their action plan	
	New knowledge is integrated	
	into the learner's world	
	through the implementation	
	of the plan and the	
	techniques described they're in	
PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	TEACHING METHODS
		Guided discussion,
Real-world Example analysis	Provides analysis using new	reflection, group
Personal Example Analysis	knowledge of real-world	exercise, solo exercise,
Fictional Example Analysis	examples	feedback from peers,
preparing learner for future	Recollects and communicates	feedback from trainer,
situations	Personal examples within this	Real-world examples,
	context	fictional example,
	Responds to fictional	personal examples,
	examples with the evaluation	what if analysis, open
	of the previous two	dialogue
	EDUCATIONAL AREA	











				r
Module	DAILY EVALUATION Self-evaluation form Mini Quiz THEORETICAL SUBJECTS		Actively participates in class exercises, supports position and maintains a more objective outlook Presents results in a coherent and systematic way Is open to criticism and discussion Feels free to ask questions and adheres to trainer's guidance Works with peers to deliver a group result TASKS FOR TRAINEES Completes self-evaluation Complete mini-Quiz at home Completes action plan	TEACHING METHOD Self-Evaluation, reflection, non-grated summary quiz Real-world examples are mixed with
5				are mixed with
	E-presence	and	BLOOMS TAXONOMY	personal experiences
	communication safety: Staying ethical online		Remember	and fictional examples to create a lively
	Digital good manners		An introductory part	discussion and guided
	Recourses to unethical	and	presenting what is to be	form of learner
	improper behaviour	-	learned and key concepts	centred approach
			Followed by a summary part	
			at the end of the course	Existing knowledge
			revising key take aways.	and skill are activated
			Safety concerns and ethical behaviour are presented as	as a foundation for new knowledge and
			the coat to dress e-presence	skill by inviting
			and communication	learners to give
				personal examples and
			Understand	reconsidering how
			The delivery of the course will	safe their behaviour
			include Real-world examples. The trainer will often	was
			Ine trainer will often interrupt the course and take	New knowledge is
			questions while making	demonstrated to the
			clarifications between	learner
			situations and concepts	through relatable
			Annk	Real-world and
			Apply Trainees will be asked to	fictional examples
			adapt and demonstrate their	provided explain how e-presence and
			new knowledge to their	communication can
			personal situation reflecting	have very real effects
			bad on behaviour they now	and how to improve
			view as digitally wrong	











-			
Ar	۱al	vs	e

Trainees will be asked to compare, contrast and differentiate between the real-world examples provided and their personal examples as well as that of their peers. They will be invited to do so also on imaginary scenarios.

Evaluate

Trainees will be asked to support and defend a course of action and responses given to imaginary scenarios as well as the contrast provided between the different situation described such as with the real-world examples provided.

Create

Trainees will show how their understanding and behaviour has Improved and how does the new learning relate to their future actions. They will include in their plan recourses for unethical digital behaviour

SKILLS

Learners are engaged in solving real-world problems through the real-world examples provided above contrasting different opinions on the impact of these examples and showcasing how it could or if it could be improved while also including in their plan the necessary safeguards

Existing knowledge and skill are activated as a foundation for new knowledge and skill through the review of their personal examples provided with the new safety concerns safeguard yourself online

New knowledge is applied by the learner by including the safety concern into the action plan New knowledge is integrated into the learner's world by

allowing learners to demonstrate if there was a change of attitude in the approach, they take on their e-presence and communication











	issued to demonstrate how	
	safe previous behaviour was	
	•	
	New knowledge is	
	demonstrated to the learner	
	through the fictional	
	-	
	examples provided above	
	contrasting different opinions	
	on the impact of these	
	examples and showcasing	
	how it could or if it could be	
	improved following the new	
	set safety precautions	
	New knowledge is applied by	
	the learner through the	
	incorporation of safety	
	concerns in their action plan	
	concerns in their action plan	
	New knowledge is integrated	
	New knowledge is integrated	
	into the learner's world	
	through the explaining by the	
	learners of the key takeaways	
	they value more and belief will	
	affect their reaction in the	
	future and course taken	
PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	TEACHING METHODS
	Provides analysis using new	Guided discussion,
Real-world Example analysis	knowledge of real-world	reflection, group
Personal Example Analysis	examples	exercise, solo exercise,
Fictional Example Analysis	Recollects and	feedback from peers,
Safeguards in plan	communicates Personal	feedback from trainer,
Saleguarus în plan		Real-world examples,
	examples within this context	
	Responds to fictional	fictional example,
	examples with the evaluation	personal examples,
	of the previous two preparing	what if analysis, open
	learner for future situations	dialogue
	EDUCATIONAL AREA	
	Actively participates in class	
	exercises, supports position	
	and maintains a more	
	objective outlook	
	Presents results in a coherent	
	and systematic way	
	Is open to criticism and	
	discussion	
	Feels free to ask questions	
	and adheres to trainer's	
	guidance	











	Works with peers to deliver a group result	
PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	DAILY EVALUATION	TEACHING METHOD
Self-evaluation form Mini Quiz quiz	Completes self-evaluation Complete mini-Quiz at class	Self-Evaluation, reflection, non-grated summary

E. EXPLANATION OF THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Measure individuals' progress: on completing the reading of each training module, the trainee will have the possibility to measure the individual progress through the questioning and application techniques. The self-evaluation test (module assessment) comprises individual tasks.

Certificate: In order to be awarded a certificate of completion for this course the student will be required to complete the tasks for all 5 modules and gain 5 badges. Collection of all badges will entitle the owner to receiving the certificate of course completion.

F. References

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V0OrT-8gXMs https://ec.europa.eu/info/live-work-travel-eu/consumer-rights-and-complaints_en https://axerosolutions.com/blogs/timeisenhauer/pulse/210/41-smart-tips-to-improvecommunication-in-the-workplace http://paulwallbank.com/2010/12/08/online-ethics/ https://www.peepso.com/people-arrested-social-media-posts/ https://enterprisersproject.com/article/2018/6/10-ted-talks-sharpen-your-communication-skills

Textbooks:

EN: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-e-presence-and-

Communication.pdf

RO: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-e-presence-and-Communication-</u> <u>RO.pdf</u>

GE: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-e-presence-and-Communication-</u> DE.pdf

GR: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-e-presence-and-Communication-</u> <u>GR.pdf</u>

Moodle self-registration course: <u>https://courses.trainingclub.eu/</u>









Active Participation

A. COURSE OVERVIEW

Course description

Active participation gives individuals greater autonomy in activities and relationships in everyday life, which allows them to live as independently as possible. It also helps individuals increase their autonomy, confidence and self-esteem, and they are more likely to cope with the challenges of the digital world. Active participation refers to the involvement of people in their society, by taking initiatives based on their needs. Being an active citizen shows that we are not passive and we do care about the society we live in. Furthermore, it shows that we do care about others.

The course is divided into two parts: one theoretical and one practical, providing participants with a complex learning process.

Course structure

The course comprises five asynchronous teaching modules (theoretical, infographics, video and ppt), five synchronous training exercises (workshops, case studies) and 5 tasks that can be solved by individuals on their own peace. The 5 modules are:

- Module 1: Digital Citizens in a Digital World
- Module 2: Make your participation outstanding
- Module 3: Freedom to vote
- Module 4: Networking for Advocacy Strategy
- Module 5: Online support with real impact

Key questions	Results
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do 4 days, weeks, or months from now?	 In days / Weeks On short term, we expect the trainees to start sharing their ideas, thinking about themselves, expressing opinions effectively.
	 Months On medium term, it is expected to be active in planning, prioritizing and participating in decision-making to make a change.
How will this have enduring value for trainees beyond the classroom?	 Real-life situations / Daily tasks / Regular activities During their regular activities, trainees will act as active citizen showing that they are not passive and they do care about the society they live in.
What should trainees understand about the topic?	 Importance and necessity It is important for trainee to understand that active participation is a symbol of independence and democracy. Being involved in such activities enable people to take their own decisions about their lives and to be heard.

Essential questions









What key knowledge and skills	Key knowledge and Skills
will trainees acquire at the	 To define the needs of society (digital)
end of the lesson?	 To identify different types of online and offline participation
	 To understand what a democratic system is and what its
	benefits are in a digital world
	 To have a real impact on society due to online methods

B. STATEMENT OF TRAINING METHODOLOGY

Training methodology

The training is a combination of theoretical lessons accompanied by practical exercises and questionnaires. Tasks to measure students' progress and the level of understanding are gradually introduced throughout the course. During the online course, each participant will have access to a set of educational materials. After successfully solving the tasks, the trainees gain badges and are granted with access to the next module.

Course introduction

The course starts with a video presentation to introduce the course and a forum question addressed by course coordinator to help the students become familiar with peers and with the topics of the course.

Teaching medium

- Outlines and infographics to organize hierarchical structures and to illustrate relationships among various components of the educational material
- Inquire learning (direct by questions), case study (real situations for the students to explore concepts in an authentic context), game based (as students make certain progress, they can earn badges).
- Practical exercises and case studies: quiz (self-assessment), forum (opinion), feedback (respond in forum section).

C. COURSE OBJECTIVES

Upon successful completion of this course, the participants will enjoy the right to be heard, to express their own opinion, and influence decisions affecting them directly.

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects.	Instructional
		Bloom's verbs	approach
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHODS
1	Digital citizens in a digital	ABILITIES	Discussions
	world	Upon completing this	Presentation
	 Motivation of doing 	module, you will be able to:	
	 What are our needs 	 Be aware of their own 	
	 What society needs 	needs;	
	 How society is changing – 	 Understand the needs of 	
	digitalization	society;	
		 Understand the idea of 	
		digital society	
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	PRACTICAL AREA	PRACTICAL AREA

D. COURSE PLAN









	Exercise: What makes you a proper citizen	Go to https://www.bizlibrary.com/s oft-skills-assessment/ Answer the questions Read the explanations	Discussions Brainstorming Exercise Reflection Resume the reflection Debriefing
	DAILY EVALUATION Quiz Forum. We do need digital skills in our digital society	TASKS FOR TRAINEES Describe what you already know about the topic "Active participation" Reply twice to your colleagues' posts	TEACHING METHODS Assessment test Forum discussion Self-reflection
Module 2	 THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Make your youth remarkable What is youth participation Types of participation Why be an active citizen Challenges and obstacles Examples of youth participation in Europe 	 COGNITIVE AREA ABILITIES Upon completing this module, you will be able to: Define youth participation; Identify different types of participation in the online and offline environment Be aware of their position in helping youth problems in society 	TEACHING METHODS Discussions Presentation
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Exercise: Ladder of youth participation	PRACTICAL AREA Draw the ladder of participation; Find a problem that affects your society, especially your life; Draw yourself on the ladder of participation thinking where you situate yourself in resolving this problem	PRACTICAL AREA Discussions Reflection Resume the reflection Debriefing
	DAILY EVALUATION Quiz Forum. Challenges and obstacles	TASKS FOR TRAINEES Identify the challenges and obstacles for youth participation How can we stop these challenges? Discuss with peers	TEACHING METHODS Assessment test Forum discussion Self-reflection
Module 3	 THEORETICAL SUBJECTS The freedom of voting What is democracy Our rights in a democratic system How Europe sees youth nowadays Digital voting 	COGNITIVE AREA ABILITIES Upon completing this module, you will be able to: Understand the characteristics of democracy;	TEACHING METHODS Discussions Presentation











		 Comprehend the voting system; Use the digital voting system in real-life 	
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Exercise: Online votes are still considered votes?	PRACTICAL AREA Use the Internet and find a country with an online voting system (such as Estonia and e- voting); Write at least 3 advantages of online voting; Write at least 3 disadvantages of online voting	PRACTICAL AREA Debate - someone starts by saying an advantage. Someone else says a disadvantage contesting that advantage. Debriefing
	DAILY EVALUATION Quiz Forum. Some people still prefer the traditional way of voting. What would be the reason?	TASKS FOR TRAINEES Share your understanding about people rights in a democratic system via the forum	TEACHING METHODS Assessment test Forum discussion Self-reflection
Module 4	 THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Advocacy: networking for advocacy strategy What is a networking What is advocacy Understand youth policy Examples of the advocacy process 	 COGNITIVE AREA ABILITIES Upon completing this module, you will be able to: Understand the concept of networking; Comprehend the characteristics of advocacy; Complete an advocacy plan 	TEACHING METHODS Discussions Presentation
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Exercise: Our advocacy plan	PRACTICAL AREA Think of a problem you would like to resolve Based on the information about "steps of advocacy", complete the advocacy plan, trying to resolve your problem	PRACTICAL AREA Discussions Exercise Debriefing
	DAILY EVALUATION Quiz Forum. Understand the concept of advocacy – Networking for advocacy strategy	TASKS FOR TRAINEES Share your understanding about networking for advocacy	TEACHING METHODS Assessment test Forum discussion Self-reflection
Module 5	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Online support with real impact - Understanding community - Online participation	COGNITIVE AREA ABILITIES Upon completing this module, you will be able to: Be aware of communities' problems;	TEACHING METHODS Discussions Presentation











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ра - ТІ ра - А	rinciples of online articipation he ladder of online articipation n environment made for outh	 communities; Make a real impact in society due to online 	
	TICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES ise: Connections online ine	PRACTICAL AREA Go on http://aspa.ro Investigate their strategy Complete the table (SWOT analysis) regarding their activity online and offline.	PRACTICAL AREA Discussions SWOT Debriefing
Quiz Forun appro	' EVALUATION n. What are the most opriate ways to enrol e communities	•	

E. EXPLANATION OF THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Measure individuals' progress: on completing the reading of each training module, the trainee will have the possibility to measure the individual progress through the questioning and application techniques. The self-evaluation test (module assessment) comprises individual tasks.

Certificate: In order to be awarded a certificate of completion for this course the student will be required to complete the tasks for all 5 modules and gain 5 badges. Collection of all badges will entitle the owner to receiving the certificate of course completion.

F. REFERENCES:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/348231946_Models_of_Youth_Participation_Handbook https://resourcecentre.savethechildren.net/library/education-we-want-advocacy-toolkit https://ugc.futurelearn.com/other_assets/learning-guide/the-crowdsourced-guide-to-learning.pdf https://data.consilium.europa.eu/doc/document/ST-9264-2018-ADD-2/en/pdf https://resourcecentre.savethechildren.net/node/12169/pdf/youth_participation_tool_kit.pdf

Textbooks:

EN: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Active-Participation.pdf</u> RO: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Active-Participation-RO.pdf</u> GE: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Active-Participation-DE.pdf</u> GR: <u>https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Active-Participation-GR.pdf</u> Moodle self-registration course: <u>https://courses.trainingclub.eu/</u>







Rights and Responsibilities

A. COURSE OVERVIEW

Course description

Digital citizenship can be a hard concept for youth to grasp in today's digital society, especially when it comes down to the rights and responsibilities we have to adhere to when using the Internet in our everyday lives. In other words, digital citizenship is accompanied by many rights and responsibilities, which refer to those freedoms extended to everyone in a digital world, and which are intended to protect all users as well as everyone else with whom they might interact. This course was developed as a supplement and a tool for trainers to help students understand the different rights and responsibilities people have in today's digital world.

In sum, digital rights are human rights in the digital era. The advent of the internet and information technology has occasioned a change in the way we enjoy and exercise our fundamental rights, such as freedom of expression, access to information, assembly, education and political choice. The term 'digital rights' therefore comprises the rights that are implicated in our access to and use of these technologies. It also necessitates the consideration of the commensurate obligations and responsibilities there are on states and on all users to protect these rights.

The course will introduce trainees the privileges and freedoms extended to all digital technology users, and the behavioural expectations that come with them. It will help them understand that they must act responsibly, ethically and legally as they participate in the digital world. The course will address issues related to copyright laws and plagiarism, as well as the rights all people have as creators of information and media. Cyber bullying and threatening behaviour are two other major issues related to this topic of digital rights and responsibilities, also addressed during the course. Trainees will understand that just as bullying is not tolerated in school and in offline environments, bullying online is not tolerated either. Threatening others through technology is also another inappropriate use of technology, causing hurt and negative effects. The course has been designed to help trainees identify the factors that can intensify online cruelty and cyberbullying as well as create solutions for dealing with cyberbullying situations and for helping others when this occurs. They will become aware of the existing tools and processes to address violations of digital rights and of their responsibilities to counteract when they notice such violations. Overall, the course will empower trainees to protect their digital rights and adhere to their responsibilities in the digital world.

Course structure

The course comprises five asynchronous teaching modules (theoretical, infographics, video and ppt), five synchronous training exercises (workshops, case studies) and 5 tasks that can be solved by individuals on their own pace. The Rights and Responsibilities course is available online and participants can join anytime.

Essential questions

Key questions	Results
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do 4 days, weeks, or months from now?	 In 4 days: To remember the information presented in the course and the ways they can apply their rights and responsibilities in their daily online practices.







	 To gain the essential knowledge on how their digital rights can be violated and protected To realize the responsibilities, they have for the protection of their digital rights and the digital rights of others.
	In Weeks/ Months:
	 To be able to understand and assess their own practices when using digital media and technologies and change them accordingly, in order to respect and protect their digital rights and the digital rights of the other users To know what is accepted and what not when interacting with others online To remember the existing rules and legislation on intellectual property To know the signs and the effects of cyberbullying, online sexual harassment, and online hate speech and the ways to address this phenomenon To know how to report different violations of their digital rights and the digital rights of others To remember the importance and the necessity of the freedom of expression, as an important digital right, and the limits of this freedom To learn to avoid plagiarism, to respect copyright, and to use digital hardware and networks ethically and within the law To show respect for shared ideas and fairly treat resources created and shared via the internet To adhere to certain rules and policies when creating, sharing, commenting digital content and when interacting online with others on social media and in the digital world, in general.
How will this have enduring value for trainees beyond the classroom?	 The course is expected to have enduring value for trainees in: Real-life situations, Daily tasks and Regular online activities More specifically, trainees will:
	 Know how to interact and communicate with others online ethically, legally and safely Apply relevant rules, legislations and regulations in their studying and/or working practices









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	 Know and apply good and respectful digital behaviours and avoid negative and dangerous ones Be empowered to address and report incidents related to cyberbullying and hate speech online Value their digital rights such as the freedom of expression and online safety Know what endangers and/or constitutes a violation of their digital rights, especially their right to privacy Be aware of their own practices related to their digital rights and responsibilities To assess their online behaviours and practices and how to amend them for their own benefit Know where to turn in case they feel that their rights are violated or when others' digital rights are not respected
What should trainees understand about the topic?	 The importance of assessing and adjusting practices and behaviours related to digital means in order to respect the digital rights of all users The necessity of a respectful, legal and ethical online behaviour The connection between human rights and digital rights and responsibilities The extent to which digital rights and responsibilities affect our offline life The significance of issues related to digital rights and responsibilities, such as cyberbullying, intellectual property, online privacy and hate speech The necessity to identify and counteract to what constitutes a threat to or a violation of digital rights.
What key knowledge and skills will trainees acquire at the end of the lesson?	 Key knowledge: Trainees will develop knowledge on: Their own digital rights and responsibilities The practices and behaviours which respect and adhere to these rights The practices and behaviours which constitute a violation of these rights (cyberbullying, online sexual harassment and online hate speech) The identification of ethical and legal online behaviours and their opposites The actions which need to be taken in cases of violation of digital rights The services they can contact in case of violation of their digital rights How to protect their digital rights How to fulfil their digital responsibilities Skills: Trainees will develop:







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 Critical and analytical thinking Decision taking skills Self- respect and respect for others and their work, their views and their attitudes Social skills (for both online and offline environments) Creativity Skills related to the evaluation of the accuracy, the perspective, and the validity of digital media and social por communication skills with a special focus on respect and empathy
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B. STATEMENT OF TRAINING METHODOLOGY

Training methodology

The training is a combination of a theoretical section and practical activities accompanied by infographics, exercises and questionnaires. Tasks to measure students' progress and the development of the relevant skills and knowledge are gradually introduced throughout the course. During the online course, each participant will have access to a set of educational materials (such as presentations, articles, videos and relevant web pages). After successfully solving the tasks, the trainees gain badges and are granted with access to the next module.

The course will implement and apply all Merrill's principles of the instruction:

- Problem-orientation: learners deal with issues of real-life. For example, case studies will be based on real-life stories.
- Activation: prior knowledge of learners is used to activate new knowledge. For example, in the beginning of each module, trainees will fill in a tool on the basic thematic areas of the module, so that the trainer proceeds accordingly
- Demonstration: new knowledge is shown to learners. For example, in every course module the trainer will use presentations to discuss the module theme.
- Application: new knowledge or skills are used to solve a problem. For example, in almost every
 module a real-life situation related to specific violations of digital rights will be presented and
 discussed, so that trainees apply their knowledge to address the situation.
- Integration: learners use new knowledge or skills in their real-life. For example, assignments will be given to trainees, so that they apply and integrate what they have learned in their own online practices.

Course introduction

1.5-2 min video presentation to introduce the course, by the trainer. Alternatively, a short quiz will be introduced to activate the trainees' interest and to help them assess and think on their own practices related to their health and wellbeing when using digital means and technologies.

Teaching medium

- Outlines and infographics to organize learning and to illustrate relationships among various components of the educational materials
- Inquire learning (direct by questions), case study (real situations for the students to explore concepts in an authentic context), game based (as students make certain progress, they can earn badges).





- Practical exercises and case studies: quiz (self-assessment), forum (opinion), feedback (respond in forum section).
- The course documentation is written in EN/ RO/GE/GR.

C. COURSE OBJECTIVES

The main objective of the course is for trainees to understand their own digital rights and responsibilities and the ways they are connected to the broader area of digital citizenship. The main objective is also related to the development of the relevant skills to respect and promote digital rights and responsibilities.

More specific objectives include the development of certain knowledge and skills, so that trainees will:

- Understand the meaning and the importance of digital rights and responsibilities
- Be able to identify practices and behaviours which respect digital rights or violate them
- Realize the key issues related to online safety and privacy
- Apply legal and ethical behaviour when studying, working and interacting with others online
- Become familiar with the ways to counteract to incidents of cyberbullying, online sexual harassment and hate speech
- Understand the connection and interdependence between online and offline conduct
- Be sure on the available means and ways to report alarming online phenomena such as identity thefts and threats
- Realize the necessity of respecting digital rights and fulfilling digital responsibilities and obligations
- Modify their online behaviours according to the newly acquired knowledge on digital rights and responsibilities.

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects.	Instructional approach
		Bloom's verbs	
Mod	THEORETICAL	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING METHOD
ule 1	SUBJECTS	Trainees should be able to:	- The trainer uses real-life
	Introduction to digital	- identify the connection between	problems and behaviours
	rights and	human rights and digital rights	to guide students to
	responsibilities.	- match digital rights with the	acquire knowledge and
	Basic concepts to be	responsibilities these rights result in	skills.
	introduced in this	- explain the necessity to respect	- The trainer uses
	module are:	digital rights	activation techniques to
	- human rights	- recognize the positive effects of	help students connect
	 fundamental rights 	respecting digital rights	their knowledge and
	 children's rights 	- identify the most common	experiences to the
	 digital rights (basic 	violations of digital rights	concepts presented in
	elements and	-give examples on how to address	the module.
	concepts), digital	and counteract when such violations	- The trainer asks opening
	responsibilities (basic	occur.	questions to engage
	elements and		students. The questions
	concepts) and their	SKILLS	can be asked after the
	connection	Trainees should be able to:	self- check quiz to
			promote dialogue and

D. COURSE PLAN









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 positive results when respecting digital rights and when adhering to digital responsibilities basic dangers for/ violations of digital rights and ways to address them 	 explain the significance of digital rights and responsibilities identify the areas where digital rights and responsibilities relate to categorize those digital rights which are commonly violated or neglected judge the behaviours related to violations of digital rights determine the interconnection between online and offline rights and responsibilities. 	exchange of prior experiences in order to develop new skills related to digital rights and responsibilities - The trainer promotes collaboration, debates and group discussions to promote experiential learning, cooperation and respect.
PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Class activity: Trainees take up a short quiz (developed by the trainer) to check existing skills and knowledge on digital rights and responsibilities. After completing the quiz, trainees share the results with the class and comment on the findings (face-to-face or online via forum). The trainer shows one of the following short videos on digital rights and responsibilities: https://www.youtube. com/watch?v=xjdu- NII4y8&ab_channel=E ddieRadionov or https://www.youtube. com/watch?v=Zi8cik9 8YmE&ab_channel=Ja yTaylor which introduce viewers to these concepts. After watching the videos, the trainer can initiate a discussion on them	PRACTICAL AREA Tasks: - recognize and describe different digital rights and responsibilities - structure the content and ideas - identify legal and respectful online behaviours and their opposites - discuss the prevalence of digital rights to all online environments and interactions - consider their own practices related to digital rights and responsibilities - propose ways for the respect and protection of certain digital rights Analysis of statistical data on the digital habits of young people regarding the respect or violation of digital rights (country specific/ globally)	TEACHING METHODS The trainer: - asks trainees to describe and write down what they already know about the topic using a quiz (already prepared) or a discussion - synthesizes the trainees' answers to conclude on common findings - presents and comments recent statistical data on the common violations of digital rights - relates the concepts of digital rights and responsibilities to everyday real-life behaviours - further clarifies concepts in case students pose questions











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	and ask trainees to recognize the digital rights and responsibilities that were mentioned during the videos. (Extra questions: Would they add more? what was the most striking piece of information on the videos?) DAILY EVALUATION Forum posts and reply	TASKS FOR TRAINEES Trainees: - answer the questions posed at the forum	TEACHING METHODS Forum
		 evaluate each other's knowledge on the new topics pose questions to clarify concepts receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meeting 	
Mod ule 2	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Copyright issues During this module, the following topics will be presented and discussed: - rights and responsibilities when reproducing or distributing someone else's work (text/ photo/ recording/ etc) - existing laws to protect copyright - the logic and the implementation of every copyright policy in educational or professional environments - the consequences of breaking copyright law	COGNITIVE AREA Trainees should be able to: - understand the importance of copyrights issues in everyday tasks and activities - realize the connection between digital rights and responsibilities and copyright - identify cases when copyright is not respected - determine the reasons and the consequences when violating copyright issues - determine the correct ways to address copyright issues SKILLS Trainees should be able to: - evaluate cases related to the respect or violation of copyright - analyse the consequences of violating copyright in education and work - recommend the best ways to deal with copyright issues	TEACHING METHOD - The trainer uses real-life problems and behaviours to guide students to acquire knowledge and skills. - The trainer uses activation techniques to help students connect their knowledge and experiences to the concepts presented in the module. - The trainer asks opening questions to engage students. - The trainer promotes collaboration, debates and group discussions to promote experiential learning, cooperation and respect - The trainer presents the basic concepts related to copyright and initiates









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- the moral issues		discussions on the
related to copyright		responsibilities related to
- different licensing		copyright.
models (e.g. creative		
commons)		
- plagiarism and its		
consequences		
PRACTICAL TASKS/	Tasks:	TEACHING METHODS
EXERCISES	- recognize which behaviours and	The trainer:
	-	- asks trainees to describe
Class activity:	practices align with existing rules,	
Trainees take up the	laws and policies related to	and write down what
following quiz	copyright	they already know about
https://inside.senecac	- understand the different sectors	the topic using a quiz or a
ollege.ca/mylearning/	where copyright can be violated	discussion
TLP/CopyrightQuiz_FI	- analyse the consequences when	- synthesizes the trainees'
NAL	copyright is not respected	answers to conclude on
Storyline_output/sto	- relate copyright in the online and	common findings
<u>ry_html5.html</u>	offline world	- presents and comments
to test their	 express their concerns and 	recent statistical data on
knowledge on	objections for the violation of	the common violations of
copyright. They share	copyright	copyright issues
their answers with the	 give examples of licensing models 	- relates the concept of
rest of the class and	 interpret copyright laws, acts, 	copyright to everyday
provide the trainer a	regulations in their own	real-life behaviours
clear idea on the	environments	- further clarifies
trainees'; existing		concepts in case students
knowledge in order to	SKILLS	pose questions
build it up.	- apply knowledge on copyright to	- briefly presents laws,
The trainer can also	their education/ work environment	acts and regulations for
show the following	- respect the work of others	the protection of
video:	- recommend solutions to avoid	copyright
https://www.youtube.	copyright violations and plagiarism	
com/watch?v=XzzkSZ	- determine the originality of an	
0Jrko&ab_channel=GC	item produced (text, image, song,	
FLearnFree.org	etc)	
in order to activate		
students and		
introduce them to the		
issues related to		
copyright. The trainer		
can initiate		
discussions based on		
the information		
presented in the		
video.		
DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
Forum posts and reply	Trainees:	Forum







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Mod	Or A short quiz to check the acquisition of the relevant skills and knowledge THEORETICAL	 - answer the questions posed at the forum/ quiz - evaluate each other's knowledge on the new topics - pose questions to clarify concepts - receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meeting COGNITIVE AREA 	Or quiz TEACHING METHOD
ule 3	SUBJECTS Online sexual harassment During this module, the following topics will be presented and discussed: - the extent of the phenomenon of online sexual harassment - the connection between online and offline harassment - the gender perspective of the online harassment - the causes and effects of online harassment - the ways to respond to online sexual harassment - the ways to respond to online sexual harassment - the ways that online harassment - the ways that online harassment violates certain digital rights - the effective and efficient reporting routes available	Trainees should be able to: - understand what types of behaviour constitute online sexual harassment - define the term online sexual harassment - explore the gendered context in which online sexual harassment takes place. - understand their school/setting's reporting process - explore the challenges young people face in reporting online sexual harassment - identify the positive effects reporting can have SKILLS - understand the emotional impact online sexual harassment can have on those involved - recognize examples of online sexual harassment - recognize examples of victim- blaming in response to online sexual harassment. - respond to incidences of online sexual harassment in a sympathetic, helpful and supportive manner. - recognize the reporting routes available to them and choose the most relevant one, per case	 The trainer uses real-life problems and instances of online harassment to guide students to acquire relevant knowledge and skills. The trainer uses activation techniques to help students connect their knowledge and experiences to the concepts presented in the module. The trainer asks opening questions to engage students. The trainer promotes collaboration, debates and group discussions to promote experiential learning, cooperation and respect The trainer presents the basic concepts related to online sexual harassment and initiates discussions on the responsibilities for reporting such incidents The trainer can also use role playing to activate trainees' interest and raise their awareness on
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Class activity The trainer presents a series of cases/	TASKS FOR TRAINEES Trainees: - respond to the presentation of incidents to recognize incidents on online harassment	the issue. TEACHING METHODS The trainer: - asks trainees to describe and write down what they already know about









incidents/ conversations/ behaviours, among which some can be characterized as online sexual harassment and so not. The trainer as trainees to recogni the ones that are actually online sexual harassment and initiates a discussion on their common characteristics, in order to achieve a consensus on a definition and the types of online harassment. The trainer can sho the following video https://www.youth com/watch?v=bL8 yR3dk&ab_channer hildnetInternations and initiate a discussion to help trainees identify, define and understand what online sexual harassment is. The trainer can sha a real-life online sexual harassment incident and ask students how they would respond if th were witnesses of incident	 define and identify online harassment contemplate on the different means to respond to such incidents and the effective ways to report them 	the topic through a discussion on different cases of harassment - synthesizes the trainees' answers to conclude on common findings on the identity, severity, forms and dangers of online (sexual) harassment - presents and comments recent statistical data on online sexual harassment - relates the concept of online sexual harassment to everyday real-life behaviours - further clarifies concepts in case students pose questions - briefly presents laws, acts and regulations for addressing and reporting such incidents - discusses issues related to online sexual harassment, such as gender identity, victim blaming, slut shaming, etc.
DAILY EVALUATION Forum posts and re Or A short quiz to che the acquisition of t	eply Trainees: - answer the questions posed at the ck forum/ quiz	TEACHING METHODS Forum Or quiz









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	relevant skills and	- receive further educational	
	knowledge	 receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meeting research on the services available to report online sexual harassment in their country 	
Mod ule 4	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Cyberbullying During this module, the following topics will be presented and discussed: - the connection of cyberbullying with digital rights and responsibilities - cyberbullying as a form of discrimination - forms and types of cyberbullying - causes and effects of cyberbullying - the roles of the basic actors: the victim, the perpetrator, the bystander (witness) - the human/ moral and the legal response to cyberbullying - the importance of empathy and the consideration of other people's feelings - ways to prevent cyberbullying and other forms of negative, rude, or mean behaviour	COGNITIVE AREA Trainees should be able to: - understand and identify what types of behaviour constitute cyberbullying - distinguish between polite and respectful online behaviour and rude behaviour - consider the effects of cyberbullying to the victims and to the witnesses -explain the connection between online and offline bullying - determine the actions to be taken in response to cyberbullying - recognize the importance of empathy SKILLS - organize a response to cyberbullying incidents - evaluate online behaviours and judge them on the basis of the characteristics of cyberbullying - develop skills related to active listening and empathy - recommend ways to respond and report cyberbullying phenomena - select the effective ways to encourage and empower victims and bystanders to counteract when cyberbullying occurs.	TEACHING METHOD - The trainer uses real-life problems and instances of cyberbullying to guide students to acquire relevant knowledge and skills. - The trainer uses activation techniques to help students connect their knowledge and experiences to the concepts presented in the module. - The trainer asks opening questions to engage students. - The trainer promotes collaboration, debates and group discussions to promote experiential learning, cooperation and respect - The trainer presents the basic concepts related to cyberbullying and initiates discussions on the responsibilities for reporting such incidents - The trainer can also use role-playing to activate trainees' interest and raise their awareness on the issue. - The trainer can show short videos made by organizations (e.g. educational institutes, police, etc) for the proventing and reporting
			prevention and reporting of cyberbullying.











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cases. The trainer initiates a discussion on the forms and types of cyberbullying. He she can use the following video: https://www.youtube. com/watch?v=0Xo8N 9qlJtk&ab_channel=K aspersky- contemplate on the different means to respond to such incidents and the effective ways to report them - pase questions to clarify concepts - receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meetinganswers to conclude on com/watch?v=0Xo8N - receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meetinganswers to conclude on com/watch?v=0Xo8N - receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meetinganswers to conclude on com/watch?v=0Xo8N - receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meetinganswers to conclude on com/watch?u=0Xo8N - receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meetinganswers to conclude on com/watch?u=0Xo8N - receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meeting- receive further enceive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meeting- relates the concept of cyberbullying to everyde real-life behaviours- further clarifies com/watch?v=0L1BXY to specific cases studies and explain how they would react if they were witnesses of these cases develop the skills to respond to cyberbullying as victims and as witnesses - develop the skills to respond to cyberbullying as victims and as witnesses - become empowered to address such incidents- develop the skills to respond to cyberbullying as victims and as witnesses - become empowered to address such inc			
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Forum posts and reply Trainees: Forum			TEACHING METHODO
Or - answer the questions posed at the Or			
A short quiz to check forum/ quiz quiz	•		quiz
the acquisition of the - evaluate each other's knowledge	•	_	
relevant skills and on the new topics			
knowledge - receive further educational	knowledge		
materials and an activity to prepare			
until the next meeting		until the next meeting	











	Γ	· · · · · ·	1
		- research on the services available	
		to report online sexual harassment	
		in their country	
Mod ule 5	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Online hate speech During this module, the following topics will be presented and discussed: - the meaning and the different forms of online hate speech - hate speech as a violation of digital rights - the responsibilities of users when hate speech is encountered online - the connection between hate speech with racism, xenophobia, sexism and other forms of discrimination - the reasons and the effects of online hate speech - the ways to respond to online hate speech	COGNITIVE AREA Trainees should be able to: - understand and describe the relationship between hate speech and xenophobia (and other forms of discrimination) - analyse how the internet has contributed to an increase in hate speech and extremist views - describe ways to use the internet to combat the different types of hate speech - identify specific actions to positively affect a situation involving hate speech - recognize incidents of hate speech on social media and new media - recommend ways to empower victims and minimize online hate speech SKILLS - evaluate the short term and long- term effects of online hate speech to victims and to users in general - select behaviours to combat hate speech online - analyse the ways to address online hate speech when encountered	TEACHING METHOD - The trainer uses real-life problems and instances of online hate speech to guide students to acquire relevant knowledge and skills. - The trainer uses activation techniques to help students connect their knowledge and experiences to the concepts presented in the module. - The trainer asks opening questions to engage students. - The trainer promotes collaboration, debates and group discussions to promote experiential learning, cooperation and respect - The trainer presents the basic concepts related to online hate speech and initiates discussions on the responsibilities for reporting such incidents - The trainer can also use role-playing to activate trainees' interest and raise their awareness on the issue. - The trainer can show short videos made by organizations (e.g. educational institutes, police, etc) for the prevention and reporting of online hate speech. TEACHING METHODS
	EXERCISES	Trainees:	The trainer:
	Class activity		









SEAL Cyprus

The trainer cale	recorded to the procentation of	a alva twa in a an a ta alaa awiha
The trainer asks trainees to provide	 respond to the presentation of incidents to recognize incidents of 	- asks trainees to describe and write down what
different examples of	online hate speech	they already know about
•	- support their choices in a logical	the topic through a
hate speech they have witnessed online.		discussion on different
	manner	
The trainer presents a	- participate in the discussions to	cases of online hate
series of cases/	define and identify online hate	speech
incidents/	speech	- synthesizes the trainees'
conversations/	- contemplate on the different	answers to conclude on
behaviours, which	means to respond to such incidents	common findings on the
include cases of online	and the effective ways to report	identity, severity, forms
hate speech and asks	them	and dangers of online
trainees to distinguish	 check their own reactions to these 	hate speech
them.	incidents and evaluate them	- presents and comments
Watch the video	 pose questions to clarify concepts 	recent statistical data on
https://www.youtube.	- receive further educational	online hate speech,
<pre>com/watch?v=1_yrY2f</pre>	materials and an activity to prepare	providing age specific
OazE&ab_channel=Ed	until the next meeting	findings
Era with different		- relates the concept of
forms of hate speech	SKILLS	online hate speech to
and the connection	- ability to make the connection	everyday real-life
between freedom of	between rights and responsibilities	behaviours also violating
expression and hate	in the digital world and the alarming	human rights
speech.	phenomenon of online hate speech	- further clarifies
The trainer discusses	among youth	concepts in case students
with trainees the	- apply their existing knowledge to	pose questions
causes of hate speech	understand something new	- briefly presents the
connecting it to	- evaluate different incidents and	ways for addressing and
sexism, racism,	different responses to incidents	reporting such incidents
homophobia, and	regarding online hate speech	- discusses the important
other forms of	- judge and critically evaluate their	role of the witnesses to
discrimination.	own behaviours when witnessing	combat the phenomenon
In small groups the	such incidents	- focus on empathy when
trainer asks trainees	- develop the skills to respond to	interacting with others
to think of different	online hate speech as victims and as	online
ways to react to	witnesses	
different forms of	- become empowered to address	
hate speech and	such incidents	
evaluate them.		
DAILY EVALUATION		
		TEACHING METHODS
Forum posts and reply	Trainees:	Forum
Or Ashari i kashari	- answer the questions posed at the	Or
A short quiz to check	forum/ quiz	quiz
the acquisition of the	- evaluate each other's knowledge	
relevant skills and	on the new topics	
knowledge		











	- receive further educational	
	materials and an activity to prepare	
	until the next meeting	
	- research on the services available	
	to report online sexual harassment	
	in their country	

E. EXPLANATION OF THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Measure individuals' progress: on completing the reading of each training module, the trainee will have the possibility to measure the individual progress through the questioning and application techniques. The self-evaluation test (module assessment) comprises individual tasks.

Certificate: In order to be awarded a certificate of completion for this course the student will be required to complete the tasks for all 5 modules and gain 5 badges. Collection of all badges will entitle the owner to receiving the certificate of course completion.

F. References

Young, Kimberly. (2009). Internet Addiction: Diagnosis and Treatment Considerations. Journal of Contemporary Psychotherapy. 39. 241-246. 10.1007/s10879-009-9120-x.

https://www.commonsense.org/education/digital-citizenship/lesson/countering-hate-speech-online https://tlp-lpa.ca/digital-citizenship/harassment

http://dematteisdigitalcitizenship.weebly.com/digital-rights--responsibilities.html

https://www.childnet.com/resources/step-up-speak-up/teaching-toolkit/teaching-guide https://tlp-lpa.ca/digital-citizenship/copyright

https://sites.google.com/a/aea11.k12.ia.us/heartland-digital-citizenship/rights-responsibilities

https://www.rockyview.ab.ca/21stC/supporting/websafety/digital-citizenship/nine-elements/digital-rights-and-responsibilities

https://www.commonsense.org/education/digital-citizenship/curriculum?topic=cyberbullyingdigital-drama--hate-speech&grades=11,12,10

https://eduwebinar.com.au/digital-rights-responsibilities/

https://peru.instructure.com/courses/2513/pages/digital-rights-and-responsibilities

http://digitalrightsandresponsibilities.weebly.com/

http://areyouadigitalcitizen.weebly.com/digital-rights-and-responsibilities.html

Textbooks:

EN: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Rights-and-Responsibilities.pdf RO: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Rights-and-Responsibilities-RO.pdf GE: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Rights-and-Responsibilities-DE.pdf GR: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Rights-and-Responsibilities-GR.pdf Moodle self-registration course: https://courses.trainingclub.eu/









Privacy and Security

A. COURSE OVERVIEW

Course description

Privacy and security are old terms, but their importance only grew in recent years. They are especially important for younger people who spend a significant amount of time in digital environments. A holistic teaching approach to media literacy and the concept of digital citizenship requires knowledge and routine in relation to privacy and security. This model course will help teachers to explain the fundamental aspects of privacy and security and their importance to people's well-being. It will support teachers with ideas for content and exercises to improve the comprehension and promote the awareness on privacy matters in the digital era.

Course structure

The course comprises five asynchronous teaching modules (theoretical, infographics, video and ppt), five synchronous training exercises (workshops, case studies) and 5 tasks that can be solved by individuals on their own peace. The Privacy and Security course is available online and participants can join anytime.

Essential questions

Key questions	Results	
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do 4 days, weeks, or months from now?	 In days: Remembering most or all information around privacy itself, its importance, its need for protection through adequate security measures Realizing the importance of privacy to their own well-being and future security Remembering specific security measures 	
	 In weeks/months: Being always conscious about sharing personal data and information when being online Having security measures engrained as a natural part of their everyday life processes and actions Supporting friends and family by providing information and aid in relation to privacy protection Actively supporting the protection of privacy as a member of the civil society and a responsible digital citizen 	
How will this have enduring value for trainees beyond the classroom?	In Real-life situations/Daily tasks/Regular activities:	
What should trainees understand about the topic?	 Importance: How deeply linked privacy is to one's well-being and free development of personality. Therefore, how important the protection of privacy is. 	







	 Keeping privacy protected is a societal task and needs broad support.
	Necessity
	 The continuous necessity of upholding privacy rights
	especially in times when privacy threatens to become an
	afterthought in the process of digital innovations
What key knowledge and skills	Key knowledge/Skills:
will trainees acquire at the	The definition of privacy and specifics about privacy in digital
end of the lesson?	environments.
	 The importance of maintaining a constant awareness of
	security risks.
	 Fundamental security measures for the protection of
	privacy.

B. STATEMENT OF TRAINING METHODOLOGY

Training methodology

This course is a combination of theoretical lessons given by the trainer with the support of pictures/graphics, explanatory videos, and live demonstrations on the www. It will follow the characteristics of learner-centred pedagogy and will rely and build up on previous experiences of the students. The course will encourage active participation by using practical exercises for groups or for individuals, quizzes, and feedback questionnaires. The course modules will gradually increase the level of pre-required knowledge by following the five stages of the 5E Model and constructively lead students to new knowledge and insights. During the online course, each student will have access to a set of educational materials. After successfully solving the tasks of a module, the students gain badges and are granted with access to the next module.

Course introduction

Either a short video presentation by the trainer or a fact/example concerning privacy issues in relation to widely used digital platforms will be shown to kickstart an active reflection of the own behaviour.

Teaching medium

- Outlines and infographics to organize hierarchical structures and to illustrate relationships among various components of the educational material.
- Inquire learning (direct by questions), case study (real situations for the students to explore concepts in an authentic context), game based (as students make certain progress, they can earn badges).
- Practical exercises and case studies: quiz (self-assessment), forum (opinion), feedback (respond in forum section).
- The course documentation is written in EN/RO/DE/GR.

C. COURSE OBJECTIVES

The main course objective is to transmit an understanding of the core, the values, and the importance of privacy in the context of human rights, free development of personality and the over well-being of an individual. This objective is related to the development of fundamental security measurement skills that the participants need to understand and apply to protect their and others privacy.







The main course objective can be broken down as follows:

- Understand the definition of privacy
- Recognize the importance of privacy
- Explain the importance of privacy
- Understand the definition of security
- Recognize the importance of security
- Explain the importance of security in context of privacy
- Understand the definition of digital environments
- Recognize the influence of social network sites
- Identify the multi-layered threats to privacy in digital environments
- Understand the role of hardware and software in digital environments
- Identify the individual risks of using hardware and software
- Recognize user-related risks in relation to the usage of hardware and software
- Recall the basic means of security in digital environments
- Develop a basic security strategy to protect one's and other persons' privacy
- Develop an attitude that promotes conscious and responsible online behaviours and interactions
- Apply security measures to one's devices, accounts, and digital interactions

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects. Bloom's verbs	Instructional approach
Module 1	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	The learner should be able to	TEACHING METHODS
	Introduction to privacy	 understand the definition of privacy 	All modules follow the characteristics of
	Presenting its importance as a human right, its role in legislation, its heightened	- recognize the importance of privacy	learner-centred pedagogy.
	importance in digital environments.		Based on the 5E Model: Engage (1E) and find out about prior experiences with privacy. Set them in relation to basic revelations on privacy made in this module. Activities and material: Padlet (before the course), brainstorming, pictures
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	The learner should be able to	TEACHING METHODS
	Group work/World café; can take place face2face or virtually: discuss topics and	 understand personal habits in relation to privacy 	Based on the 5E Model:











	present results in relation to privacy in small groups. DAILY EVALUATION Short quiz Forum activity	 recognize potential risks resulting from those habits in relation to privacy - recognize current regulations TASKS FOR TRAINEES - finish the quiz - answer questions in the for the point of the poi	Explore (2E) by confronting the students with different topics to explore their new knowledge and their pre-experiences. Activities and material: discussion in world café, pen and paper TEACHING METHODS Quiz Forum
		forum and interact with others	
Module 2	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Introduction to security Presenting the fundamental of security, its relation to privacy and its importance in digital environments.	The learner should be able to - understand the definition of security - explain the need for security in the digital era	Based on the 5E Model: Engage (1E) and find out about prior experiences with security. Set them in relation to basic revelations on security made in this module. Activities and material: brainstorming, pictures, videos, Real- world problems
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Mapping exercise; can take place face2face or virtually: Assign different types of personal data to different levels of acceptable public exposure. DAILY EVALUATION Short quiz	The learner should be able to - understand the difference between personal data and public data - Recognize their preferences in relation to the publication of personal data - Justify the usage of their personal data TASKS FOR TRAINEES - finish the quiz	Based on the 5E Model: Engage (1E) and explore (2E) by encouraging the students to share their experiences and confront them with different topics to explore their new knowledge and their pre-experiences TEACHING METHODS Quiz
	Forum activity	- answer questions in the forum and interact with others	Forum
Module 3	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	The learner should be able to	Based on the 5E Model:









	Privacy in a digital environment Explaining the technical and societal background of digital environments, the overwhelming influence of digital environments and their risks in relation to privacy.	 - understand the definition of digital environments - recognize the influence of digital environments - identify the privacy risks of digital environments - identify the risks of being and interacting online - identify the relation between digital platforms and personal data 	Explain (3E) and relate their knowledge to the first two modules in relation to privacy and security. Activities and material: website, explanatory videos, discussion
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Small group work; can take place face2face or virtually: In groups, choose a social media website like Facebook or Instagram. Research on different privacy functions and settings currently applying to the site and present them to the plenum.	The learner should be able to - understand how privacy is handled by social media websites - understand how online communities affect privacy - apply security measures to their social media account	Based on the 5E Model: Elaborate (4E) and investigate privacy settings in real accounts. Investigate the privacy and security behaviour of social networks in relation to the modules 1-3.
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	Activities and material: devices with active internet connection, discussion, real-life research, presentation TEACHING METHODS
	Short quiz Forum activity	 finish the quiz answer questions in the forum and interact with others 	Quiz Forum
Module 4	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Security risks in a digital environment Explaining the roles of hardware and software in electronic devices. Presenting	The learner should be able to - understand the role of hardware and software - identify the security risks associated to hardware and software - recognize user-related risks	Based on the 5E Model: Explain (3E) and relate the new knowledge to module 2 and reflect its impact on privacy concerns.
	existing threats to hardware and software and the special role of user-related risks. PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES Roleplay exercise; can take	in relation to hardware and software usage The learner should be able to - understand why device	Activities and material: website, explanatory videos, discussion Based on the 5E Model: Elaborate (4E) and
	place face2face or virtually: Playing the role of an attacker who gained access to one's	security is important - identify the consequences of weak security	investigate existing problems with one's own security











	smartphone or computer.	 analyse own security weak 	behaviour. Engrain the
	What could the attacker learn	points	importance of security.
	and which harm could they		
	cause?		Activities and material:
			own devices with
			active internet
			connection, discussion,
			independent analysis
			and reflection,
			presentation
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Short quiz	finich the quiz	Quiz
	Short quiz	- finish the quiz	
	Forum activity	- answer questions in the	Forum
		forum and interact with	
		others	
Module	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	The learner should be able to	Based on the 5E
5			Model:
	Security tips for the digital	- recall the basic means of	Elaborate (4E) and
	environment	security in digital	apply the knowledge
		environments.	from module 4 to gain
	Presenting the fundamentals	- develop a basic security	a deep understanding
	rules for a secure handling of	strategy to protect their and	of necessary security
	hardware and software as a	other people's privacy	measures.
	responsible, informed digital	- develop an attitude that	
	citizen. Elaborating on user-	promotes conscious and	Activities and material:
	related privacy issues.	responsible online behaviours	website, explanatory
		and interactions	videos, discussion
		- apply security measures to	
		their devices, accounts, and	
		digital interactions	
	PRACTICAL TASKS/ EXERCISES	The learner should be able to	Based on the 5E
		The learner should be able to	Model:
	Presentation exercise; can	understand why security is	
		- understand why security is	· · ·
		important	0
	virtually: Imaging that an	- present the most important	exercise how deep the
	inexperienced friend needs	security measures	understanding of
	with protecting their privacy.		privacy and security
	Presenting the most		goes and how the
	important security measures		students cope with the
	for different scenarios.		presented situation.
			Activities and material:
			problem solving and
			critical thinking,
			presentation,
			discussion
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING METHODS
	Short quiz	- finish the quiz	Quiz
	Forum activity		Forum
L	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	l	









- answer questions in the
forum and interact with
others

E. EXPLANATION OF THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Measure individuals' progress: on completing the reading of each training module, the trainee will have the possibility to measure the individual progress through the questioning and application techniques. The self-evaluation test (module assessment) comprises individual tasks.

Certificate: In order to be awarded a certificate of completion for this course the student will be required to complete the tasks for all 5 modules and gain 5 badges. Collection of all badges will entitle the owner to receiving the certificate of course completion.

F. **REFERENCES**

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Consumer Awareness

A. COURSE OVERVIEW

Course description

The Internet, with all its dimensions like social media or other virtual spaces, includes environments where often the fact of being a digital citizen means also being a user, being a consumer. Understanding the dimensions connected to this issue is one of competences that future individuals need to have if they want to navigate safely in these digital environments, especially since these dimensions are connected to digital citizenship and democratic participation.

The aim of the course is to cover the most important dimensions of consumer awareness in the digital world, such as:

- Consumer activism which has supported the emergence of new businesses in line with certain core values such as environmentally friendly business practices or supporting the local economy,
- The emergence of new forms of consumer participation thanks to technology such as crowdfunding platforms,
- The emergence of new business models which escape consumer awareness, namely, business models relying on data for various purposes, such as targeted advertising for search engines or social networks,
- The limits of consumer power and the attempts at misleading or manipulating online consumers (for example, via green-washing, targeted advertising and monopolies or dominant market players locking consumers into certain consumption patterns by restricting consumer choices),
- The rights all people shopping online have as consumers and the application of those rights and responsibilities if products and services exploit and/or infringe the rights of others,
- The fact that digital citizens are also acting as entrepreneurs, actively selling products and services to digital citizen consumers using social media to market their goods, online platforms to host their goods, digital delivery systems to ship their goods,
- Existing consumer protection policies and frameworks which are effective and responsive to the interconnected nature of e-commerce

Course structure

The course comprises five asynchronous teaching modules (theoretical, infographics, video and ppt), five synchronous training exercises (workshops, case studies) and 5 tasks that can be solved by individuals on their own pace. The Consumer Awareness course is available online and participants can join anytime.

Essential questions

Key questions	Results
What do you want your trainees to remember and learn to do 4 days, weeks, or months from now?	 In 4 days: To remember the information presented in the course and the ways they can apply their rights and responsibilities as consumers in their daily online practices. To gain the essential knowledge on how their rights as consumers can be violated and protected To realize the responsibilities, they have for the protection of their digital rights as consumers as well as the available means to protect these rights.







	To remember the techniques used in digital advertising and the
	 To remember the techniques used in digital advertising and the role it plays in consumer behaviours and patterns
	To remember the basic rights and responsibilities when
	becoming or being a digital entrepreneur
	In Weeks/ Months:
	To be able to understand and assess their own practices when using digital modia and technologies to consume meduate or
	using digital media and technologies to consume products or
	services
	 To know what is accepted and what not when selling or buying products online
	 To remember the existing rules and legislation for the protection
	of consumer rights
	To know how to report different violations of their digital rights
	as consumers
	To know what constitutes a safe and secure behaviour when
	selling or buying online
	To know how to transact online securely, being aware of
	consumer terms and conditions
	 To apply security measures when shopping online
	To avoid misleading information and scams
How will this have enduring	The course is expected to have enduring value for trainees in:
value for trainees beyond	 Real-life situations,
the classroom?	Daily tasks and
	 Regular online activities
	More specifically, trainees will:
	know how to make online transactions ethically, legally and
	safely
	apply relevant rules, legislations and regulations when buying or
	selling products online
	understand the techniques used to mislead and manipulate
	consumers online
	know how to report violations of their rights as digital consumers
	 understand the role of digital advertising and how it affects consumers' behaviour
	 know what endangers and/or constitutes a violation of their digital rights as consumers
	 be aware of their own practices related to searching and buying
	online
	 know where to turn in case they feel that their rights as
	consumers are violated or when others' digital rights are not
	consumers are violated or when others' digital rights are not respected
What should trainees	 consumers are violated or when others' digital rights are not respected The importance of making well informed decisions when buying
What should trainees understand about the	respected
	respectedThe importance of making well informed decisions when buying







SEAL Cyprus

	 The potential concerns or issues which they might encounter while purchasing, and the necessity of a logical viewpoint The different dimensions and implications of product liability and consumer protection. The interconnection between consumer awareness online and offline The connection between consumer awareness to life skills, self-confidence and quality of life The need to prevent the propagation of misleading and ambiguous messages regarding the characteristics of the products sold online The role of certain authorities and organizations protecting their rights as consumers
What key knowledge and skills will trainees acquire at the end of the lesson?	 Key knowledge: Trainees will develop knowledge on: Their own digital rights and responsibilities as consumers and/or entrepreneurs in online environments The practices and behaviours which companies should follow in order to respect and adhere to these rights The practices and behaviours which constitute a violation of these rights, including targeted advertising Their right to be protected against products, production processes and services that endanger their physical health or wellbeing The ways to be protected against exploitation when making online purchases How to achieve secure online consumption
	 Skills: Trainees will develop: Critical and analytical thinking Decision taking skills Self- respect and self confidence Social skills (for both online and offline environments) Creativity Skills related to the evaluation of the accuracy, the perspective, and the validity of digital advertising Awareness on how to protect personal information when buying online Skills related to identifying commercial persuasion and being able to interpret, analyse and critically evaluate commercial messages

B. STATEMENT OF TRAINING METHODOLOGY

Training methodology

The training is a combination of a theoretical section and practical activities accompanied by infographics, exercises and questionnaires. Tasks to measure students' progress and the development of the relevant skills and knowledge are gradually introduced throughout the course. During the online course, each participant will have access to a set of educational materials (such as presentations,







articles, videos and relevant web pages). After successfully solving the tasks, the trainees gain badges and are granted with access to the next module.

The course will implement and apply all Merrill's principles of the instruction:

- Problem-orientation: learners deal with issues of real-life. For example, case studies will be based on real-life stories.
- Activation: prior knowledge of learners is used to activate new knowledge. For example, in the beginning of each module, trainees will fill in a tool on the basic thematic areas of the module, so that the trainer proceeds accordingly
- Demonstration: new knowledge is shown to learners. For example, in every course module the trainer will use presentations to discuss the module theme. Moreover, the trainer will create opportunities to demonstrate certain online behaviours to be selected (or avoided)
- Application: new knowledge or skills are used to solve a problem. For example, in almost every
 module a real-life situation related to specific violations of consumers rights will be presented and
 discussed, so that trainees apply their knowledge to address the situation.
- Integration: learners use new knowledge or skills in their real-life. For example, assignments will be given to trainees, so that they apply and integrate what they have learned in their own online practices.

Course introduction

1.5-2 min video presentation to introduce the course, by the trainer. Alternatively, a short quiz will be introduced to activate the trainees' interest and to help them assess and think on their own practices related to their health and wellbeing when using digital means and technologies.

Teaching media

- Outlines and infographics to organize learning and to illustrate relationships among various components of the educational materials
- Inquire learning (direct by questions), case study (real situations for the students to explore concepts in an authentic context), game based (as students make certain progress, they can earn badges).
- Practical exercises and case studies: quiz (self-assessment), forum (opinion), feedback (respond in forum section).
- The course documentation is written in EN/ RO/GE/GR.

C. COURSE OBJECTIVES

The main objective of the course is for trainees to understand their own rights and responsibilities as consumers in digital environments and the ways they are connected to the broader area of digital citizenship. The main objective is also related to the development of the relevant skills to respect and promote consumers rights and responsibilities.

More specific objectives include the development of certain knowledge and skills, so that trainees will:

- Understand the meaning and the importance of consumers rights and responsibilities in the digital world
- Be able to identify practices and behaviours which these rights or violate them
- Realize the key issues related to online safety and privacy when making purchases online
- Become familiar with the ways to counteract to incidents of violations of their rights as consumers
- Understand the connection and interdependence between online and offline consumer awareness







- Be sure on the available means and ways to report illegal or unethical practices by companies or advertisers
- Realize the necessity of respecting digital rights and fulfilling digital responsibilities and obligations as digital entrepreneurs
- Modify their online behaviours according to the newly acquired knowledge on consumer awareness in the digital world.

Time	Detailed syllabus	Educational effects.	Instructional
		Bloom's verbs	approach
Module 1	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING
	Introduction to consumer	Trainees should be able to:	METHOD
	awareness in digital	- explain the connection between	- The trainer uses
	environments- rights and	consumer awareness and digital	real-life problems
	responsibilities.	citizenship	and behaviours to
	Basic concepts to be	- identify the connection between	guide students to
	introduced in this	consumer rights in online and offline	acquire knowledge
	module are:	environments	and skills.
	-consumer rights and	- match consumer rights with the	- The trainer uses
	responsibilities	responsibilities these rights entail	activation
	- consumer awareness in	- explain the necessity to respect	techniques to help
	online and offline	consumer rights	students connect
	environments	- recognize the positive effects of	their knowledge
	 basic concepts related 	respecting consumer rights in digital	and experiences
	to consumer awareness,	environments	to the concepts
	such as e-commerce,	- identify the most common	presented in the
	digital advertising, credit	concepts related to consumer	module.
	cards and online	awareness	- The trainer asks
	consumerism, secure	-give examples on how to protect	opening questions
	transactions online,	consumers rights and report	to engage
	targeted advertising and	potential violations	students. The
	misleading techniques.		questions can be
	 how consumers can 	SKILLS	asked after the
	defend their rights and	Trainees should be able to:	self- check quiz to
	respect their	- explain the significance of	promote dialogue
	responsibilities offline	consumer rights and responsibilities	and exchange of
	and online	in digital environments	prior experiences
	-online entrepreneurship	- identify the areas where consumer	in order to
		rights and responsibilities relate to	develop new skills
		- categorize those consumer rights	related to
		which are commonly violated or	consumer
		neglected	awareness
		- determine the interconnection	- The trainer
		between online and offline	promotes
		consumer rights and responsibilities	collaboration,
		- examine different aspects of online	debates and group
		entrepreneurship	discussions to

D. COURSE PLAN











	- determine the quality of online	promote
	advertising	experiential
	- evaluate misleading information	learning,
	contained in digital advertising.	cooperation and
		respect
		- The trainer
		demonstrates
		cases of online
		advertising and
		online
		entrepreneurship.
PRACTICAL TASKS/	PRACTICAL AREA	TEACHING
EXERCISES	Tasks:	METHODS
Class activity:	- recognize and describe different	The trainer:
Trainees take up a short	consumer rights and responsibilities	- asks trainees to
quiz (developed by the	in online and offline environments	describe and write
trainer) to check existing	- structure the content and ideas	down what they
skills and knowledge on	- identify potential violations of	already know
consumer rights and	consumer rights	about the topic
responsibilities and	- discuss the prevalence of	using a quiz
consumer awareness.	consumer rights to all online	(already prepared)
After completing the	interactions and transactions	or a discussion
quiz, trainees share the	- consider their own practices	- synthesizes the
results with the class and	related to their behaviours as online	trainees' answers
comment on the findings	consumers	to conclude on
(face-to-face or online via		common findings
forum).	 propose ways for the respect and protection of certain consumer 	- presents and
The trainer shows one of	•	
	rights, especially related to	comments recent statistical data on
the following short videos on consumer	advertising and misleading practices	
		the common
rights and		violations of
responsibilities:	Analysis of statistical data on the	consumer rights
https://www.youtube.co	digital habits of young people	- relates the
m/watch?v=-	regarding their role as consumers of	concepts of
T3vWwQEPL4&t=434s&a	online products and services	consumer rights
<u>b_channel=IkenEdu</u>	(country specific/ globally)	and
which introduce viewers		responsibilities to
to these concepts. After		everyday real-life
watching the videos, the		behaviours
trainer can initiate a		- further clarifies
discussion on the		concepts in case
connection between		students pose
consumer rights in offline		questions
and online environments		- selects and
to assist trainees		shows digital
recognize similarities and		advertisements to
differences.		discuss digital











Moreover, the traineradvertising and onlinecan select two or threeonlineonline advertisements toentrepreneurshiinitiate a groupdiscussion on thepractices used topromote services andproducts online and onthe enterprises behind
online advertisements to initiate a group discussion on the practices used to promote services and products online and onentrepreneurshi
initiate a group discussion on the practices used to promote services and products online and on
discussion on the practices used to promote services and products online and on
discussion on the practices used to promote services and products online and on
practices used to promote services and products online and on
promote services and products online and on
products online and on
them.
DAILY EVALUATION TASKS FOR TRAINEES TEACHING
Forum posts and reply Trainees: METHODS
- answer the questions posed at the Forum
forum
 evaluate each other's knowledge
on the new topics
- pose questions to clarify concepts
- receive further educational
materials and an activity to prepare
until the next meeting
Module 2 THEORETICAL SUBJECTS COGNITIVE AREA TEACHING
e- commerce Trainees should be able to: METHOD
- understand how consumers - The trainer use
During this module, the interact and transact in e-commerce real-life problem
following topics will be - recognize the benefits of e- and behaviours to
presented and discussed: commerce guide students t
- the concept of e determine the risks related to e- acquire knowled
commerce and its distinct commerce such as fraudulent and and skills.
characteristics deceptive commercial - The trainer use
- key trends in e- Practices activation
commerce such as cross - explain the concerns about data techniques to he
border purchases, the use, privacy and security related to students connect
growth of mobile e-commerce their knowledge
commerce and the role - identify the role of social media in and experiences
of social media in e- e-commerce to the concepts
commerce presented in the
- key benefits and risks of SKILLS module.
e-commerce for Trainees should be able to: - The trainer ask
consumers - evaluate the key trends in e- opening question
- consumer protection as commerce to engage
trust opportunities e-commerce offers - The trainer
- compare fair and unfair business promotes
(For extra material: and advertising practices collaboration,
http://www.oecd.org/dig - determine how different risks of e- debates and gro
ital/consumer/toolkit- commerce can be avoided discussions to
promote











for-protecting-digital-		experiential
<u>consumers.pdf</u>)		learning,
		cooperation and
		respect
		- The trainer
		presents the basic
		concepts related
		to e-commerce,
		including benefits
		and risks and
		initiates
		discussions
PRACTICAL TASKS/	Tasks:	TEACHING
EXERCISES	- recognize the meaning and	METHODS
Class activity:	importance of e-commerce for	The trainer:
The trainer has prepared	•	- asks trainees to
a short quiz to check the	consumers and enterprises - critically evaluate the information	describe and write
trainee's knowledge on	presented (on videos or	down what they
the issues covered in this	presentations) to make conclusions	already know
Module. Trainees share	on the characteristics of e-	•
their answers with the		about the topic
rest of the class and	commerce - discuss on the benefits and risks of	using a quiz or a discussion
provide the trainer a	e-commerce	- synthesizes the
clear idea on the	- participate in the activities related	trainees' answers
trainees' existing	to the role of social media in e-	to conclude on
knowledge in order to	commerce	common findings
build it up.		- presents and
The trainer can show the	SKILLS	comments recent
following video on e-	- apply knowledge on e-commerce	statistical data on
commerce	in their own consuming practices	the role of e-
https://www.youtube.co	- determine whether a potential	commerce in
m/watch?v=nxSDHBdsW	purchase is risky or not	today's societies
<u>qA&ab_channel=PeaSou</u>	- evaluate the content of online	and economies
<u>pDigital</u>	advertising	- further clarifies
which explains in simple	- choose the best way to protect	concepts in case
terms what e-commerce	their rights as consumers when they	students pose
is and its different	are violated	questions
dimensions. Then, a		- briefly presents
group discussion can take		laws, acts and
place on e-commerce,		regulations for the
leading to the		protection of
presentation of the		consumers' rights
benefits and the risks		
included in e-commerce.		
The trainer can also show		
a page taken from social		
media, including		











	1100 111 0		
	different types of		
	advertisements to		
	initiate a discussion on		
	the role of social media		
	in e-commerce		
	DAILY EVALUATION	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING
	Forum posts and reply	Trainees:	METHODS
	Or	- answer the questions posed at the	Forum
	A short quiz to check the	forum/ quiz	Or
	acquisition of the	- evaluate each other's knowledge	quiz
	relevant skills and	on the new topics	
	knowledge	- pose questions to clarify concepts	
	C C	- receive further educational	
		materials and an activity to prepare	
		until the next meeting	
Module 3	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS	COGNITIVE AREA	TEACHING
	Ethical considerations	Trainees should be able to:	METHOD
	and risks	- understand the basic ethical	- The trainer uses
		considerations and risks related to	real-life problems
	During this module, the	shopping online	and situations
	following topics will be	- compare different online payment	which can occur
	presented and discussed:	services such as PayPal or Stripe	when shopping
	- safety measures when	- examine several online sales	online to guide
		websites based on their	students to
	shopping online - the use of credit cards	trustworthiness	
			acquire relevant knowledge and
	when shopping online	 recognize ethical or unethical offers when shopping online 	skills.
	- the concept of "offers"	- describe the connection between	- The trainer uses
	which seem too good to		
	be true	consumers rights and refund	activation
	- awareness of certain	practices	techniques to help
	rights before making a		students connect
	purchase (for example,		their knowledge
	does the website offer	SKILLS	and experiences
	a refund, money-back	- recognize examples of ethical or	to the concepts
	guarantee or some other	unethical practices when advertising	presented in the
	method of reclamation?)	or selling products online	module.
	- online business models	- determine the correct use of a	- The trainer asks
	which make consumers	credit card when shopping online	opening questions
	pay indirectly for the	- interpret behaviours related to the	to engage
	content/services they use	addiction to online sales	students.
	and grant them none of	- evaluate the terms and conditions	- The trainer
	the protection and rights	of products sold and bought online	promotes
	- the importance of terms	 apply safety measures when 	collaboration,
	and conditions when	shopping online	debates and group
	making an online		discussions to
	purchase		promote
	- addiction to online sales		experiential











			learning,
			cooperation and
	For extra material:		respect
	https://rm.coe.int/digital		- The trainer
	-citizenship-education-		presents the basic
	handbook/168093586f		concepts related
			to certain rights
			and ethical issues
			when shopping
			online
			- The trainer can
			also use role-
			playing to activate
			trainees' interest
			and raise their
			awareness on the
-			issue.
	PRACTICAL TASKS/	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	The trainer:
	EXERCISES	Trainees:	 asks trainees to
	Class activity	 respond to the quiz to reveal their 	describe and write
	The trainer has prepared	existing knowledge, skills and	down what they
	a short quiz to check the	experiences	already know
	trainee's knowledge on	 participate in the discussions 	about the topic
	the issues covered in this	related to credit card use, online	using a quiz or a
	Module. Trainees share	payment services, terms and	discussion
	their answers with the	conditions when shopping online	- synthesizes the
	rest of the class and	 realize the ethical and safe ways to 	trainees' answers
	provide the trainer a	make online purchases	to conclude on
	clear idea on the	 pose questions to clarify concepts 	common findings
	trainees' existing	 receive further educational 	 presents and
	knowledge in order to	materials and an activity to prepare	comments recent
	build it up.	until the next meeting	statistical data on
	The trainer can have the		issues such as
	trainees choose an online	SKILLS	credit cards and
	payment service such as	 apply their existing knowledge to 	online shopping,
	PayPal or Stripe and	understand something new	terms and
	invite them to read	 evaluate different incidents and 	conditions,
	through the terms and	different responses to incidents	addiction to online
	conditions of the	regarding online payments, use of	purchases
	platforms to determine	credit cards and violation of	- further clarifies
	the costs of the	consumer rights	concepts in case
	transactions and any	 judge behaviours to conclude on 	students pose
	other pertinent	whether they relate to addiction to	questions
	information that users	online buying or not	- presents online
	should know – prior to	 self-confidence to buy products 	payment services
	purchase. This will	online	and online sales
	provide an opportunity		websites to











	to discuss ethical issues related to online shopping. The trainer can also have the trainees examine several online sales websites. The trainer can pose the following questions in order to facilitate the acquisition of skills and knowledge on online selling practices: What are the top-selling products? What types of guarantees or refunds are provided? Does the online shopping site have distribution channels around the world? Does global distribution affect the top-selling products? Based on the answers the trainer can conclude on the current practices of		promote trainees' critical thinking
	selling and buying products online DAILY EVALUATION Forum posts and reply Or A short quiz to check the acquisition of the relevant skills and knowledge	TASKS FOR TRAINEES Trainees: - answer the questions posed at the forum/ quiz - evaluate each other's knowledge on the new topics - receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meeting - research on the services available to report unethical behaviours when selling or buying online	TEACHING METHODS Forum Or quiz
Module 4	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Online marketing During this module, the following topics will be presented and discussed:	COGNITIVE AREA Trainees should be able to: - understand and identify different strategies and techniques of online marketing	TEACHING METHOD - The trainer uses real-life examples of online marketing to guide students to









- strategies and	- explain similarities and differences	acquire relevant
techniques of online	between traditional marketing	knowledge and
marketing	methods and online advertising	skills.
- similarities and	 consider the format and structure 	- The trainer uses
differences between	of online advertisements	activation
traditional marketing	-explain why social media use	techniques to help
methods and online	specific marketing strategies	students connect
advertising	 determine the effects of email 	their knowledge
- the format and	marketing	and experiences
structure of online	 recognize the influence which 	to the concepts
advertisements	Youtubers, influencers and	presented in the
- the different types of	celebrities exert on consumers	module.
digital marketing and	through online marketing	- The trainer asks
give examples of how		opening questions
some companies use	SKILLS	to engage
those tools. (Facebook,	 evaluate online marketing 	students.
Twitter, Instagram, Blogs,	techniques	- The trainer
LinkedIn)	- distinguish between different types	promotes
- social media and online	of online marketing	collaboration,
marketing	- define risks behind online	debates and group
- email marketing,	advertising	discussions to
internet advertising and	- justify the online marketing	promote
search engine	techniques on social media	experiential
optimization	 evaluate the role of Youtubers, 	learning,
- Youtubers, influencers	influencers and celebrities in today's	cooperation and
and celebrities	online marketing and advertising	respect
- concerns regarding	- match different types of online	- The trainer
online marketing, such as	marketing to certain products and	presents the basic
hidden costs, privacy	services	concepts related
issues and endorsements	 critically evaluate online 	to online
on social networking.	advertisements	marketing and
		digital advertising
		and initiates
For extra material:		discussions on the
https://mediasmarts.ca/l		issues
essonplan/online-		- The trainer can
marketing-kids-		also demonstrate
strategies-and-		digital
techniques-lesson		advertisements to
		promote learning
		through
		comparison and
		experience
PRACTICAL TASKS/	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING
EXERCISES	Trainees:	METHODS
Class activity		The trainer:
-		









The trainer in		sinate in the discussions	acks trainage to
The trainer in discussion on		cipate in the discussions I to online marketing and	 asks trainees to describe and write
experiences o		advertising	down what they
marketing and	-	e the ethical and safe to	already know
to activate the	-	ise products- and their	about the topic
and check the			through a
knowledge.		ss in small groups on popular	discussion on
The trainer ca		hich include advertisements	different types of
online ads to		questions to clarify concepts	online marketing
discussion on		ve further educational	- synthesizes the
used for onlin	U	als and an activity to prepare	trainees' answers
such as prizes	-	ne next meeting	to conclude on
contests, as w		5	common findings
different strat			on the techniques
different targe	-	their existing knowledge to	of online
The trainer ca	• • • • •	stand something new	marketing
demonstrate		ing the advertisements they	- presents and
sites to help s	-	across online	comments recent
realize some e	ethical - evalu	ate different incidents and	statistical data on
issues related	to online differe	nt responses to incidents	online advertising,
advertising (si	uch as regard	ing online marketing	targeting
advertising ta	rgeted at - self-c	onfidence to evaluate digital	specifically the
children).	advert	isements	group of youth
The trainer ca	n divide - creat	ivity to find proper ways to	- relates the
trainees in gro	oups, advert	ise certain products and	concept of online
provide them	with service	25	marketing to
certain sites w			everyday real-life
popular (such			situations and
YouTube, Twi	-		dilemmas
Wikipedia) an			- further clarifies
group to discu			concepts in case
present the ty			students pose
techniques an			questions
methods used			- initiates and
advertising in			leads discussions
in order to pro			to make
trainees' awar	reness and		conclusions on the
expend their			issues discussed
experiences.			TEAOUTIC
DAILY EVALUA		FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING
Forum posts a			METHODS
Or		er the questions posed at the	Forum
A short quiz to		•	Or
acquisition of		ate each other's knowledge	quiz
relevant skills	and on the	new topics	
knowledge			











		 receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meeting research on the services available to report improper online advertising 	
Module 5	THEORETICAL SUBJECTS Online entrepreneurship During this module, the following topics will be presented and discussed: - the meaning and the different forms of online entrepreneurship - the goods and services offered by the online entrepreneur, the methods of delivery, the terms and conditions, and other protection put it place to protect the consumer. - how entrepreneurial endeavours infringe consumer rights and responsibilities -how digital citizens are also acting as entrepreneurs, actively selling products and services to digital citizen consumers - the General Data Protection Regulation and online entrepreneurship - the general steps to be taken to become an online entrepreneur - key issues in online entrepreneurship	COGNITIVE AREA Trainees should be able to: - understand the differences and similarities between online and offline entrepreneurship - detect the ways to become an online entrepreneur - realize the potential risks of becoming an online entrepreneur -identify the current trends of online entrepreneurship - present the importance of the General Data Protection Regulation SKILLS - evaluate different online entrepreneurial initiatives - critically think on the advantages and disadvantages of becoming an online entrepreneur - determine the factors that differentiate a successful online entrepreneur and an unsuccessful one.	TEACHING METHOD - The trainer uses real-life cases of online entrepreneurship to acquire relevant knowledge and skills. - The trainer uses activation techniques to help students connect their knowledge and experiences to the concepts presented in the module. - The trainer asks opening questions to engage students. - The trainer promotes collaboration, debates and group discussions to promote experiential learning, cooperation and respect - The trainer presents the basic concepts related to online entrepreneurship and initiates discussions on the responsibilities











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		which online
		entrepreneurs
		have
		- The trainer can
		also use role-
		playing to activate
		trainees' interest
		and raise their
		awareness on the
		issue.
		- The trainer can
		show short videos
		of successful
		online
		entrepreneurs.
PRACTICAL TASKS/	TASKS FOR TRAINEES	TEACHING
EXERCISES	Trainees:	METHODS
Class activity	- respond to the presentation of	The trainer:
The trainer asks trainees	examples of online	- asks trainees to
to provide different	entrepreneurship initiatives	describe and write
examples of online	- support their choices in a logical	down what they
entrepreneurship	manner	already know
initiatives.	- participate in the discussions to	, about the topic
The trainer presents a	define and identify examples of	through a
series of online	successful online entrepreneurship	discussion on
enterprises and initiates	initiatives	online
discussions on their	- contemplate on the different steps	entrepreneurship
success, quality,	to be taken to become an online	initiatives
methodology, products,	entrepreneur	- synthesizes the
marketing, ethics, etc.	- pose questions to clarify concepts	trainees' answers
The trainer discusses	- receive further educational	to conclude on
with trainees the	materials and an activity to prepare	common findings
prospects of young	until the next meeting	- presents and
people becoming online		comments recent
entrepreneurs and the	SKILLS	statistical data on
basic steps to be taken in	- ability to make the connection	online
order to achieve this.	between rights and responsibilities	entrepreneurship,
The trainer present good	in the digital world and online	focusing on young
and bad practice	entrepreneurship	people
examples of online	 apply their existing knowledge to 	- relates the
entrepreneurship.	understand something new related	concept of online
	to online entrepreneurship	entrepreneurship
	 evaluate different online 	to digital rights
	enterprises	and
	- develop the skills to become an	responsibilities
	online entrepreneur	- further clarifies
		concepts in case
	I	1











DAILY EVALUATIONTASKS FOR TRAINEESTEACHINGForum posts and replyTrainees:METHODSOr- answer the questions posed at theForumA short quiz to check theforum/ quizOracquisition of the- evaluate each other's knowledgequizrelevant skills andon the new topicsquizknowledge- receive further educationalImage: Construction of the		- become empowered to pursue this sector	students pose
materials and an activity to prepare until the next meeting - research on the services available to support online entrepreneurship	Forum posts and reply Or A short quiz to check the acquisition of the relevant skills and	Trainees: - answer the questions posed at the forum/ quiz - evaluate each other's knowledge on the new topics - receive further educational materials and an activity to prepare until the next meeting - research on the services available	METHODS Forum Or

E. EXPLANATION OF THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Measure individuals' progress: on completing the reading of each training module, the trainee will have the possibility to measure the individual progress through the questioning and application techniques. The self-evaluation test (module assessment) comprises individual tasks.

Certificate: In order to be awarded a certificate of completion for this course the student will be required to complete the tasks for all 5 modules and gain 5 badges. Collection of all badges will entitle the owner to receiving the certificate of course completion.

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Textbooks:

EN: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Consumer-Awareness.pdf RO: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Consumer-Awareness-RO.pdf GE: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Consumer-Awareness-DE.pdf GR: https://trainingclub.eu/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DIGCIT-Consumer-Awareness-GR.pdf Moodle self-registration course: https://courses.trainingclub.eu/









Conclusions

The Digital Citizenship Model Course is a valuable instrument for assisting trainers and educators to introduce and organize new training courses and enhance the existing training materials, to further deliver effective training to youth.

The model course is a one-stop-shop for all the ten areas related to digital citizenship, including Access and Inclusion, Learning and Creativity, Media and Information Literacy, Ethics and Empathy, Health and Wellbeing, e-Presence and Communications, Active Participation, Rights and Responsibilities, Privacy and Security, Consumer Awareness.

The model course exhibits all the necessary items and steps to help educators in training youth. These items include the course overview, the statement of training methodology, the course objectives, the course plan, the assessment system and references. The course cognitive areas and their associated levels of achievement were established using Bloom's taxonomy and cover various degrees of competence, from knowing and understanding all the way to creating new outputs.

The model course is a prerequisite for developing the course content, which may then be delivered to the target groups. In this regard, the model course may be used in two main scenarios either per se or with various degrees of change interventions to its methodology, objectives, and course plan or assessment system.

Most of the instructions included in the model course are just indicative. For example, the course designers have indicated the time for completing each area of learning in the course plan. However, the time may be adapted in accordance with the trainees' levels of understanding. Having adjusted the educational materials in such a manner to suit the trainees' level of understanding, the trainer shall draw the lesson plans based on the detailed syllabus.

The proposed lesson plans and other related items included in this model course were created within the DIGCIT project as an intermediate phase to developing a state of art course content. The course content is first developed in the form of textbooks and then published on the project website and other relevant platforms. The content is then transformed into massive online open courses hosted in the European non-formal e-learning platform https://courses.trainingclub.eu/. This platform was developed using Moodle. Moodle is a learning platform designed to provide educators, administrators and learners with a single robust, secure and integrated system to create personalised learning environments.

This e-learning platform hosts all the content and the proposed activities. Some of the activities are appropriate for reading and self-reflection, while others are designed to be facilitated in classrooms by trainers, requesting the active involvement of participants. Therefore, the course textbooks and e-learning platform may be used in the MOOC format, hybrid (with course participants following the content on the platform and carrying out various classroom activities) or face-to-face with trainers/facilitators.

Hence, in this paper, the authors created a flexible and multipurpose model course, which helps trainers to design and deliver online, hybrid and face-to-face training in the area of digital citizenship.









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